

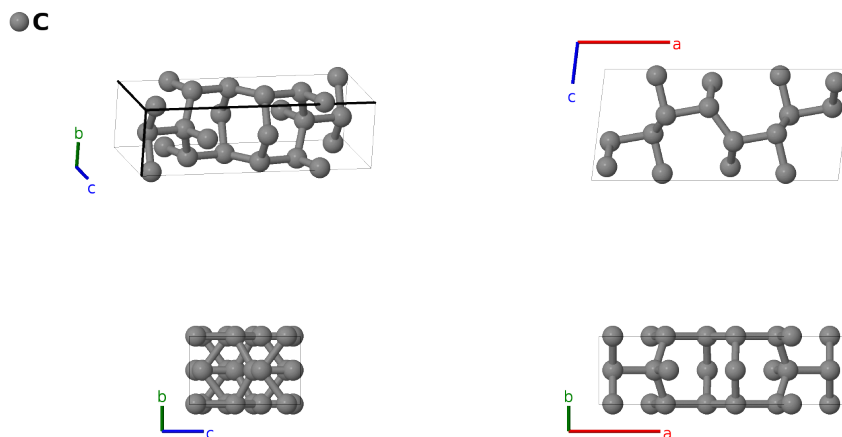
M-carbon Structure: A_mC16_12_4i-001

This structure originally had the label **A_mC16_12_4i**. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/MTF0>

https://aflow.org/p/A_mC16_12_4i-001

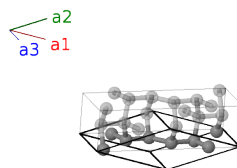


Prototype	C
AFLOW prototype label	A_mC16_12_4i-001
ICSD	182760
Pearson symbol	mC16
Space group number	12
Space group symbol	$C2/m$
AFLOW prototype command	aflow --proto=A_mC16_12_4i-001 --params=a, b/a, c/a, β , $x_1, z_1, x_2, z_2, x_3, z_3, x_4, z_4$

- This structure was originally found by (Oganov, 2006) and was refined and designated M-Carbon by (Li, 2009).

Base-centered Monoclinic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \cos \beta \hat{\mathbf{x}} + c \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}} \end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	=	Cartesian coordinates	=	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$= x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_1 + cz_1 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_1 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C I
\mathbf{B}_2	$= -x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_1 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_1 + cz_1 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_1 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C I
\mathbf{B}_3	$= x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_2 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C II
\mathbf{B}_4	$= -x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_2 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C II
\mathbf{B}_5	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C III
\mathbf{B}_6	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C III
\mathbf{B}_7	$= x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C IV
\mathbf{B}_8	$= -x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4i)	C IV

References

- [1] Q. Li, Y. Ma, A. R. Oganov, H. Wang, H. Wang, Y. Xu, T. Cui, H.-K. Mao, and G. Zou, *Superhard Monoclinic Polymorph of Carbon*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **102**, 175506 (2009), doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.102.175506.
- [2] A. R. Oganov and C. W. Glass, *Crystal structure prediction using ab initio evolutionary techniques: Principles and applications*, J. Chem. Phys. **124**, 244704 (2006), doi:10.1063/1.2210932.