

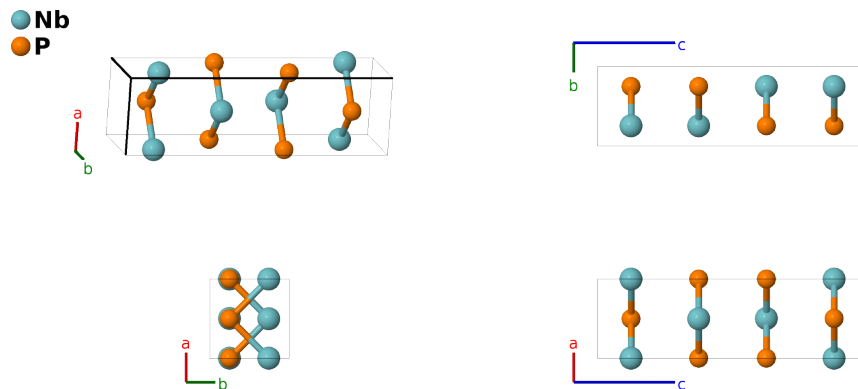
# NbP (“40”) Structure: AB\_tI8\_141\_a\_b-001

This structure originally had the label AB\_tI8\_141\_a\_b. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/R06D>

[https://aflow.org/p/AB\\_tI8\\_141\\_a\\_b-001](https://aflow.org/p/AB_tI8_141_a_b-001)



Prototype	NbP
AFLOW prototype label	AB_tI8_141_a_b-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	“40”
ICSD	76027
Pearson symbol	tI8
Space group number	141
Space group symbol	$I4_1/amd$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB_tI8_141_a_b-001 --params=a, c/a</code>

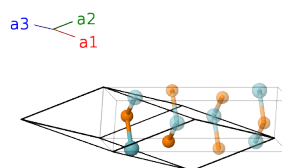
- When  $c/a = 2$ , the atoms in this lattice are on the sites of the face-centered cubic lattice. Thus (Lu, 1991) use this lattice for their structural stability studies, and arbitrarily assign this lattice a *Strukturbericht* designation of “40.” Note that (Schönberg, 1954) gives the space group as  $I4_122$  #98 but, as (Villars, 1991) notes, the coordinates given increase the symmetry to  $I4_1/amd$  #141.

## Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_2 = \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_3 = \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$



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## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$=$	$\frac{7}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a) Nb I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{7}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a) Nb I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$=$	$\frac{5}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4b) P I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$=$	$\frac{3}{8}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{5}{8}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{8}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4b) P I

## References

- [1] N. Schönberg, *An X-Ray Investigation of Transition Metal Phosphides*, Acta Chem. Scand. **8**, 226–239 (1954), doi:10.3891/acta.chem.scand.08-0221.
- [2] Z. W. Lu, S.-H. Wei, and A. Zunger, *Long-Range Order in Binary Late-Transition-Metal Alloys*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **66**, 1753–1756 (1991), doi:10.1103/PhysRevLett.66.1753.

## Found in

- [1] P. Villars and L. Calvert, *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases* (ASM International, Materials Park, OH, 1991), 2nd edn.