

ZrNiAl Structure: ABC_hP9_189_f_bc_g-003

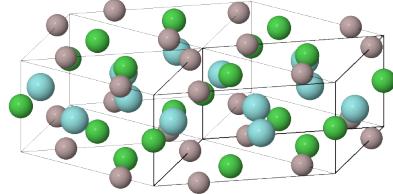
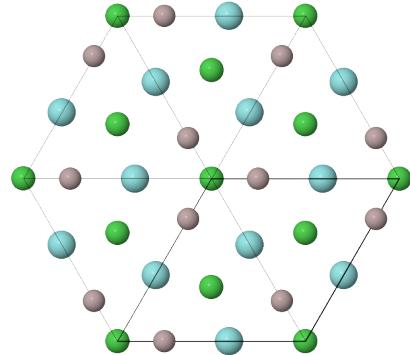
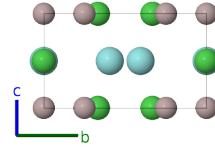
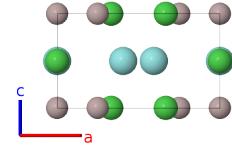
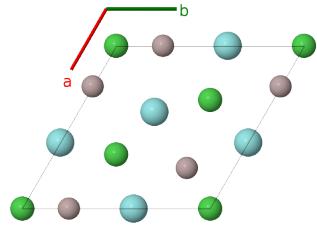
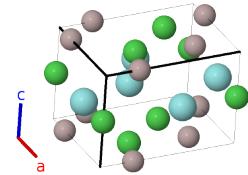
This structure originally had the label `ABC_hP9_189_g_ad_f`. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

Cite this page as: D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, M. Esters, C. Oses, O. Levy, G. L. W. Hart, C. Toher, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 3*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **199**, 110450 (2021), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2021.110450.

<https://aflow.org/p/0T4U>

https://aflow.org/p/ABC_hP9_189_f_bc_g-003

● Al
● Ni
● Zr



Prototype

AlNiZr

AFLOW prototype label

ABC_hP9_189_f_bc_g-003

ICSD

152131

Pearson symbol

hP9

Space group number

189

Space group symbol

$P\bar{6}2m$

AFLOW prototype command

aflow --proto=ABC_hP9_189_f_bc_g-003
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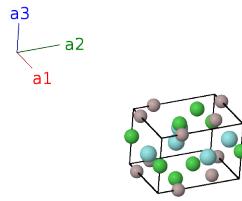
Other compounds with this structure

AgAsCa, AgSiYb, AlCoPu, AlCuTm, AlNiTb, DyNiIn, DyNiSn, ErNiAl, FeCoAs, FeGaU, FeNiP, GaNiZr, GaPdSc, GdNiIn, GdNiSn, HoNiIn, RhSnZr, RuSiZr, ScIrP, TbNiIn, TiFeP, ZrRuAs, BSi₂Ni₆

- This is the ternary form of the Fe₂P structure. While (Shved, 2019) placed the nickel atoms on the (1a) and (2d) sites, as in Fe₂P, we have shifted to origin by $\frac{1}{2}c\hat{z}$ to place them on the (1b) and (2c) sites. Otherwise the structures are nearly identical.
- (Shved, 2019) found evidence of 6-10% mixing between the Ni-II (2d) and Al (3g) sites.
- (Shved, 2019) has no entry in the ICSD, so we reference the ZrNiAl entry from (Zumdieck, 1999).

Hexagonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1 =	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(1b)	Ni I
\mathbf{B}_2 =	$\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2c)	Ni II
\mathbf{B}_3 =	$\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2c)	Ni II
\mathbf{B}_4 =	$x_3\mathbf{a}_1$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(3f)	Al I
\mathbf{B}_5 =	$x_3\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(3f)	Al I
\mathbf{B}_6 =	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_1 - x_3\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(3f)	Al I
\mathbf{B}_7 =	$x_4\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g)	Zr I
\mathbf{B}_8 =	$x_4\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g)	Zr I
\mathbf{B}_9 =	$-x_4\mathbf{a}_1 - x_4\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g)	Zr I

References

- [1] O. Shved, L. P. Salamakha, S. Mudry, O. Sologub, P. F. Rogl, and E. Bauer, *Zr-based nickel aluminides: crystal structure and electronic properties*, J. Alloys Compd. p. 153326 (2019), doi:10.1016/j.jallcom.2019.153326. In press.
- [2] M. F. Zumdieck, R.-D. Hoffmann, and R. Pöttgen, *The Intermetallic Zirconium Compounds ZrNiAl, ZrRhSn, and ZrPtGa - Structural Distortions and Metal-Metal Bonding in Fe₂P Related Compounds*, Z. Naturforsch. B **54**, 45–53 (1999), doi:10.1515/znb-1999-0111.