

Steklite $\text{KAl}(\text{SO}_4)_2$, $H3_2$ Structure:

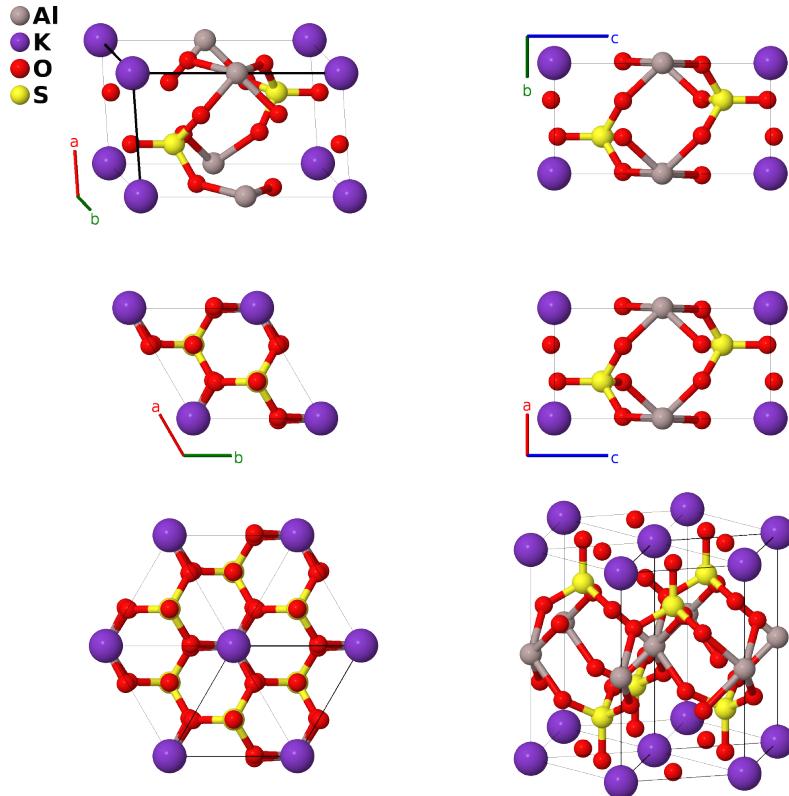
ABC8D2_hP12_150_a_b_dg_d-001

This structure originally had the label ABC8D2_hP12_150_b_a_dg_d. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/SDL2>

https://aflow.org/p/ABC8D2_hP12_150_a_b_dg_d-001



Prototype AlKO_8S_2

AFLOW prototype label ABC8D2_hP12_150_a_b_dg_d-001

Strukturbericht designation $H3_2$

Mineral name steklite

ICSD 60170

Pearson symbol hP12

Space group number 150

Space group symbol $P\bar{3}21$

AFLOW prototype command

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--params=a, c/a, z3, z4, x5, y5, z5
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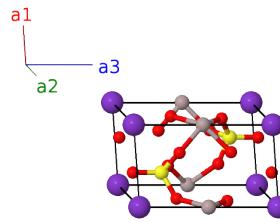
Other compounds with this structure

$\text{NH}_4(\text{Al}, \text{Fe})(\text{SO}_4)_2$ (godovikovite), $\text{KCr}(\text{SO}_4)_2$, $\text{RbCr}(\text{SO}_4)_2$

- This has been a rather difficult structure to follow through the literature. (Villars, 2016) quotes the structure given by (Manoli, 1970), but gives the space group as $P\bar{3}$ #147. (Murashko, 2013) lists the space group as both $P312$ #149 and $P321$ #150, as well as listing obviously incorrect Wyckoff positions.
- (West, 2008) states that the simple structure is in $P\bar{3}$ but that it may be doubled along the c axis and be in space group $P321$.
- After correcting Murashko's results, we find that all of these interpretations yield essentially the same structure in a given layer, and only differ as the structure is reflected through the $z = 0$ plane. As it is not clear which structure is correct, we will use the original $H3_2$ structure given by (Hermann, 1937).
- Steklite is the name of the mineral form of this compound (Murashko, 2013). (Hermann, 1937) simply calls it *Wasserfreier Alaun* (anhydrous alum). For hydrated alum, $\text{KAl}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 12\text{H}_2\text{O}$, see the $H4_{13}$ structure.

Trigonal (Hexagonal) primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	= 0	= 0	(1a)	Al I
\mathbf{B}_2	= $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(1b)	K I
\mathbf{B}_3	= $\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	O I
\mathbf{B}_4	= $\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 - z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	O I
\mathbf{B}_5	= $\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + z_4\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	S I
\mathbf{B}_6	= $\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 - z_4\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	S I
\mathbf{B}_7	= $x_5\mathbf{a}_1 + y_5\mathbf{a}_2 + z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a(x_5 + y_5)\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a(x_5 - y_5)\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6g)	O II
\mathbf{B}_8	= $-y_5\mathbf{a}_1 + (x_5 - y_5)\mathbf{a}_2 + z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a(x_5 - 2y_5)\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_5\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6g)	O II
\mathbf{B}_9	= $-(x_5 - y_5)\mathbf{a}_1 - x_5\mathbf{a}_2 + z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	= $-\frac{1}{2}a(2x_5 - y_5)\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ay_5\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6g)	O II
\mathbf{B}_{10}	= $y_5\mathbf{a}_1 + x_5\mathbf{a}_2 - z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a(x_5 + y_5)\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a(x_5 - y_5)\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6g)	O II
\mathbf{B}_{11}	= $(x_5 - y_5)\mathbf{a}_1 - y_5\mathbf{a}_2 - z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	= $\frac{1}{2}a(x_5 - 2y_5)\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_5\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6g)	O II
\mathbf{B}_{12}	= $-x_5\mathbf{a}_1 - (x_5 - y_5)\mathbf{a}_2 - z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	= $-\frac{1}{2}a(2x_5 - y_5)\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ay_5\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6g)	O II

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Found in

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