

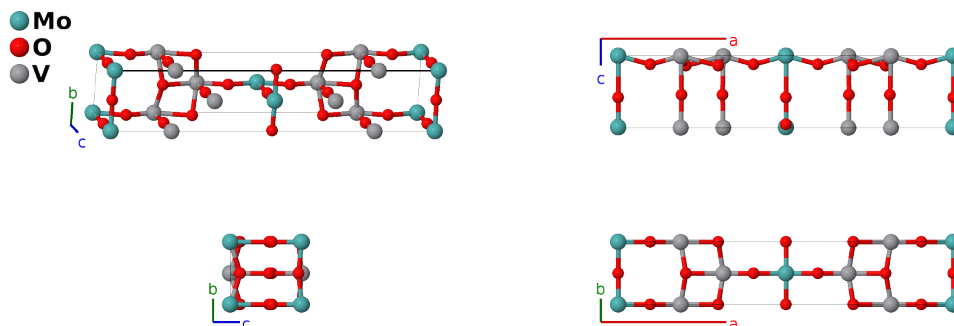
V₂MoO₈ Structure: AB8C2_oC22_35_a_ab3d_d-002

This structure originally had the label AB8C2_oC22_35_a_ab3e.e. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://afLOW.org/p/8B57>

https://afLOW.org/p/AB8C2_oC22_35_a_ab3d_d-002

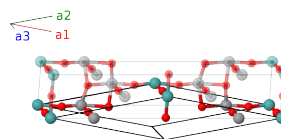


Prototype	MoO ₈ V ₂
AFLOW prototype label	AB8C2_oC22_35_a_ab3d_d-002
ICSD	25378
Pearson symbol	oC22
Space group number	35
Space group symbol	<i>Cmm2</i>
AFLOW prototype command	afLOW --proto=AB8C2_oC22_35_a_ab3d_d-002 --params=a, b/a, c/a, z ₁ , z ₂ , z ₃ , x ₄ , z ₄ , x ₅ , z ₅ , x ₆ , z ₆ , x ₇ , z ₇

- Our previous report of this structure (Hicks, 2019) transposed the primitive vectors, leading to a structure with the oxygen atoms too close together. This is the corrected structure.
- AFLOW rotates the (Mahe-Pailleret, 1970) structure by 90° around the z-axis.

Base-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	=	Cartesian coordinates	=	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$= z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$cz_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(2a)	Mo I
\mathbf{B}_2	$= z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(2a)	O I
\mathbf{B}_3	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(2b)	O II
\mathbf{B}_4	$= x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	O III
\mathbf{B}_5	$= -x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	O III
\mathbf{B}_6	$= x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	O IV
\mathbf{B}_7	$= -x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	O IV
\mathbf{B}_8	$= x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_6 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_6 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	O V
\mathbf{B}_9	$= -x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_6 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_6 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	O V
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$= x_7 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_7 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_7 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_7 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_7 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	V I
\mathbf{B}_{11}	$= -x_7 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_7 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_7 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_7 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_7 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	=	(4d)	V I

References

- [1] P. Mahe-Pailleret, *Contribution a l'etude chimique et structurale des composés AB_2O_8 rencontrés dans les systèmes Mo-V-O, U-V-O et U-Mo-O*, Rev. Chim. Minerale **7**, 807–846 (1970).
- [2] D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, E. Gossett, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 2*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **161**, S1–S1011 (2019), doi:10.1016/j.commatsci.2018.10.043.

Found in

- [1] P. Villars, *V_2MoO_8 orth Crystal Structure* (2016). PAULING FILE in: Inorganic Solid Phases, SpringerMaterials (online database), Springer, Heidelberg (ed.) SpringerMaterials.