

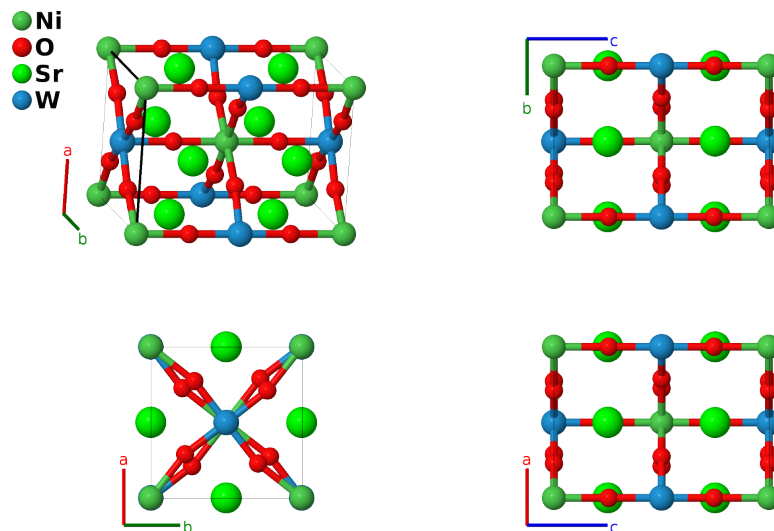
Sr₂NiWO₆ Structure: AB6C2D_tI20_87_a_ah_d_b-001

This structure originally had the label AB6C2D_tI20_87_a_ah_d_b. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/QP36>

https://aflow.org/p/AB6C2D_tI20_87_a_ah_d_b-001



Prototype	NiO ₆ Sr ₂ W
AFLOW prototype label	AB6C2D_tI20_87_a_ah_d_b-001
ICSD	91791
Pearson symbol	tI20
Space group number	87
Space group symbol	<i>I4/m</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB6C2D_tI20_87_a_ah_d_b-001 --params=a, c/a, z₄, x₅, y₅</code>

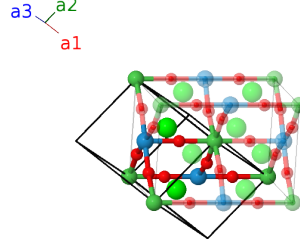
Other compounds with this structure

Sr₂MgWO₆

- This double perovskite crystal is the ground state structure of Sr₂NiWO₆. Above 300°C it transforms into the cubic perovskite *E*₂₁ structure.
- (Iwanga, 2000) places the strontium atoms on the (4c) Wyckoff position, but gives the coordinates for the (4d) site. The interatomic distances they give with this structure are consistent with the (4d) site.

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$=$	0	$=$	0	(2a) Ni I
\mathbf{B}_2	$=$	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b) W I
\mathbf{B}_3	$=$	$\frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d) Sr I
\mathbf{B}_4	$=$	$\frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d) Sr I
\mathbf{B}_5	$=$	$z_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e) O I
\mathbf{B}_6	$=$	$-z_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e) O I
\mathbf{B}_7	$=$	$y_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (x_5 + y_5) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h) O II
\mathbf{B}_8	$=$	$-y_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 - (x_5 + y_5) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h) O II
\mathbf{B}_9	$=$	$x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (x_5 - y_5) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h) O II
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$=$	$-x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 - (x_5 - y_5) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h) O II

References

- [1] D. Iwanaga, Y. Inaguma, and M. Itoh, *Structure and Magnetic Properties of Sr_2NiAO_6 ($A = W, Te$)*, Mater. Res. Bull. **35**, 449–457 (2000), doi:10.1016/S0025-5408(00)00222-1.