

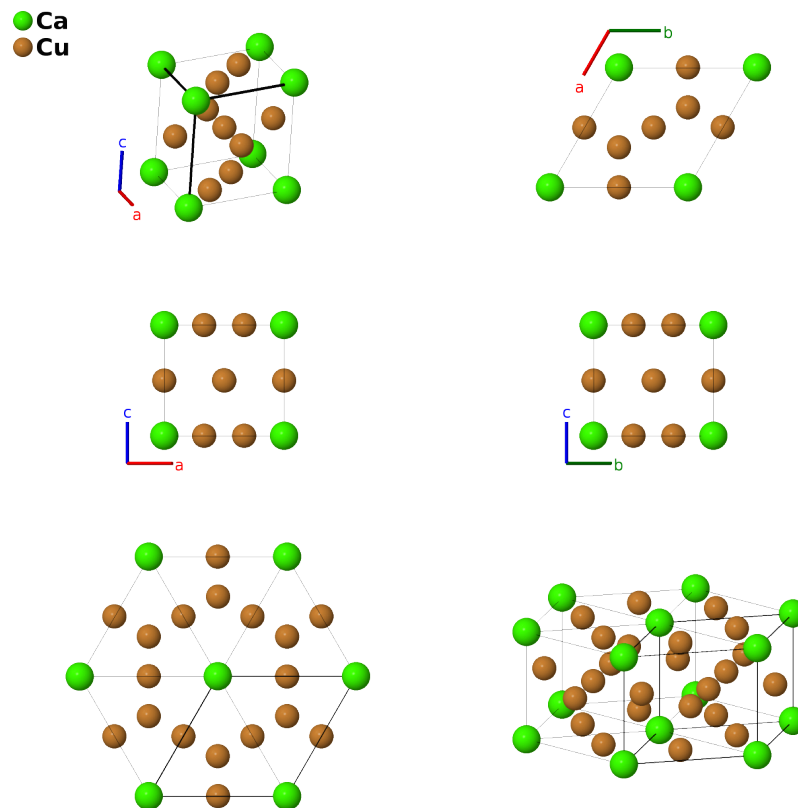
CaCu₅ (D_{2d}) Structure: AB5_hP6_191_a_cg-001

This structure originally had the label AB5_hP6_191_a_cg. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/F7Y6>

https://aflow.org/p/AB5_hP6_191_a_cg-001



Prototype	CaCu ₅
AFLOW prototype label	AB5_hP6_191_a_cg-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	D_{2d}
ICSD	58882
Pearson symbol	hP6
Space group number	191
Space group symbol	$P6/mmm$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB5_hP6_191_a_cg-001 --params=a,c/a</code>

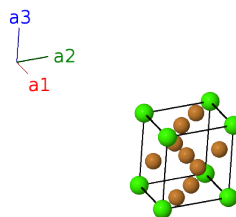
Other compounds with this structure

BaAg₅, BaAu₅, BaPt₅, CaNi₅, CaPt₅, CaZn₅, CeCo₅, CeCu₅, CeFe₅, CeNi₅, CePt₅, CeZn₅, DyCo₅, DyFe₅, DyNi₅, ErCo₅, ErNi₅, GdCo₅, GdCu₅, GdFe₅, GdNi₅, HfBe₅, HoCo₅, HoCu₅, HoNi₅, KAu₅, LaCo₅, LaCu₅, LaNi₅, LaPt₅, LaZn₅, NdCo₅, NdCu₅, NdNi₅, NdPt₅, PrCo₅, PrCu₅, PrNi₅, PrPt₅, PrSr₅, PuNi₅, RbAu₅, ScBe₅, SmCo₅, SmCu₅, SmFe₅, SmNi₅, SrAg₅, SrAu₅, SrPd₅, TbCo₅, TbCu₅, TbNi₅, ThCo₅, ThFe₅, ThNi₅, YCo₅, YCu₅, YFe₅, YNi₅

- The original version of this page inadvertently used the lattice constants for CaZn₅ (a = 5.405Å, c = 4.183Å) rather than those for CaCu₅ (a = 5.082Å, c = 4.078Å). This has now been corrected.
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Hexagonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	=	0	=	0	(1a) Ca I
\mathbf{B}_2	=	$\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2c) Cu I
\mathbf{B}_3	=	$\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2c) Cu I
\mathbf{B}_4	=	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g) Cu II
\mathbf{B}_5	=	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g) Cu II
\mathbf{B}_6	=	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g) Cu II

References

- [1] W. Haucke, *Kristallstruktur von CaZn₅ und CaCu₅*, Z. Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie **244**, 17–22 (1940), doi:10.1002/zaac.19402440103.

Found in

- [1] W. B. Pearson, *The Crystal Chemistry and Physics of Metals and Alloys* (Wiley Interscience, New York, London, Sydney, Toronto, 1972).