

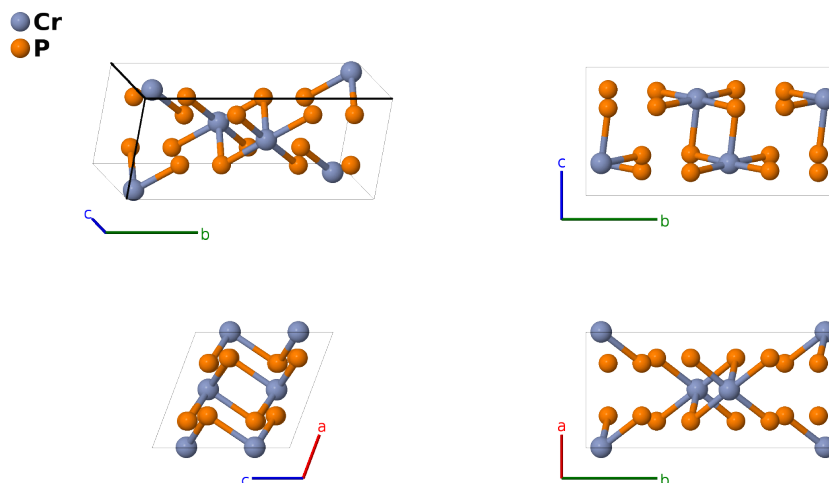
# CrP<sub>4</sub> Structure:

## AB4\_mC20\_15\_e\_2f-001

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<https://aflow.org/p/2S3X>

[https://aflow.org/p/AB4\\_mC20\\_15\\_e\\_2f-001](https://aflow.org/p/AB4_mC20_15_e_2f-001)



Prototype	CrP <sub>4</sub>
AFLOW prototype label	AB4_mC20_15_e_2f-001
ICSD	2790
Pearson symbol	mC20
Space group number	15
Space group symbol	<i>C</i> 2/ <i>c</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<pre>aflow --proto=AB4_mC20_15_e_2f-001       --params=a, b/a, c/a, β, y<sub>1</sub>, x<sub>2</sub>, y<sub>2</sub>, z<sub>2</sub>, x<sub>3</sub>, y<sub>3</sub>, z<sub>3</sub></pre>

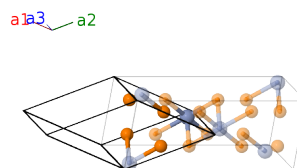
### Other compounds with this structure

MoP<sub>4</sub>, OsP<sub>4</sub>, RuP<sub>4</sub>

- This is the high temperature form OsP<sub>4</sub> and RuP<sub>4</sub> (Flörke, 1982). For the low temperature form see the CdP<sub>4</sub> structure.

### Base-centered Monoclinic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\cos\beta\hat{\mathbf{x}} + c\sin\beta\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= -y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4}c \cos \beta \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Cr I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4}c \cos \beta \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4}c \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Cr I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= (x_2 - y_2) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_2 + y_2) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_2 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= -(x_2 + y_2) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_2 - y_2) \mathbf{a}_2 - (z_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_2 + c(z_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c(z_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= -(x_2 - y_2) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_2 + y_2) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_2 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= (x_2 + y_2) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_2 - y_2) \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_2 + c(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$= (x_3 - y_3) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_3 + y_3) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$= -(x_3 + y_3) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_3 - y_3) \mathbf{a}_2 - (z_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_3 + c(z_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c(z_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$= -(x_3 - y_3) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_3 + y_3) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$= (x_3 + y_3) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_3 - y_3) \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_3 + c(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	P II

## References

- [1] W. Jeitschko and P. C. Donohue, *The high pressure synthesis, crystal structure, and properties of CrP<sub>4</sub> and MoP<sub>4</sub>*, Acta Crystallogr. Sect. B **28**, 1893–1898 (1972), doi:10.1107/S0567740872005187.
- [2] U. Flörke and W. Jeitscho, *Preparation and properties of new modifications of RuP<sub>4</sub> and OsP<sub>4</sub> with CdP<sub>4</sub>-type structure*, J. Less-Common Met. **86**, 247–253 (1982), doi:10.1016/0022-5088(82)90210-7.