

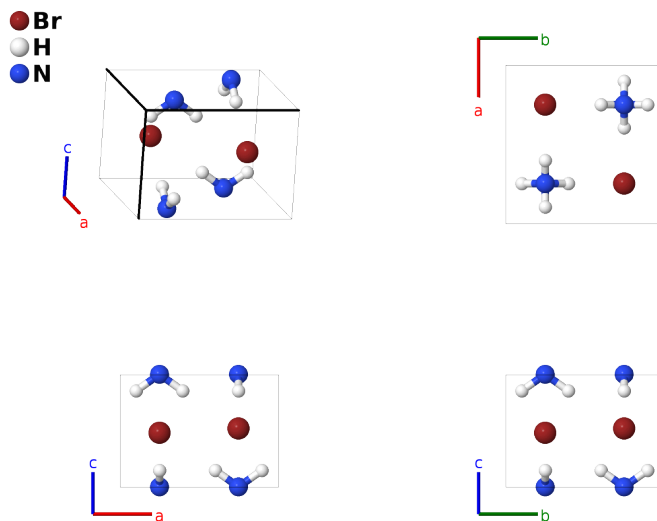
# NH<sub>4</sub>Br (*B25*) Structure: AB4C\_tP12\_129\_c\_i\_a-001

This structure originally had the label AB4C\_tP12\_129\_c\_i\_a. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/G1GD>

[https://aflow.org/p/AB4C\\_tP12\\_129\\_c\\_i\\_a-001](https://aflow.org/p/AB4C_tP12_129_c_i_a-001)



Prototype	BrH <sub>4</sub> N
AFLOW prototype label	AB4C_tP12_129_c_i_a-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	<i>B25</i>
ICSD	26579
Pearson symbol	tP12
Space group number	129
Space group symbol	<i>P4/nmm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB4C_tP12_129_c_i_a-001 --params=a, c/a, z<sub>2</sub>, y<sub>3</sub>, z<sub>3</sub></code>

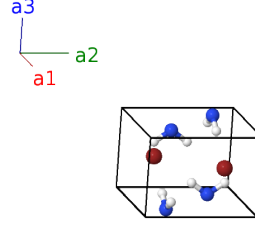
## Other compounds with this structure

NH<sub>4</sub>I

- Data was taken at -100°C using deuterium.
- The atomic positions were given for setting 1 of space group #129. We have shifted this to setting 2, placing the origin at the inversion site of the structure.

## Simple Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	=	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2a)	N I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2a)	N I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Br I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Br I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ay_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 - (y_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - a (y_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$= -(y_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a (y_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$= y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ay_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + (y_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + a (y_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ay_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$= (y_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a (y_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	$= -y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ay_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i)	H I

## References

- [1] H. A. Levy and S. W. Peterson, *Neutron Diffraction Determination of the Crystal Structure of Ammonium Bromide in Four Phases*, J. Am. Chem. Soc. **75**, 1536–1542 (1953), doi:10.1021/ja01103a006.