

# Molybdite ( $\text{MoO}_3$ , $D0_8$ ) Structure:

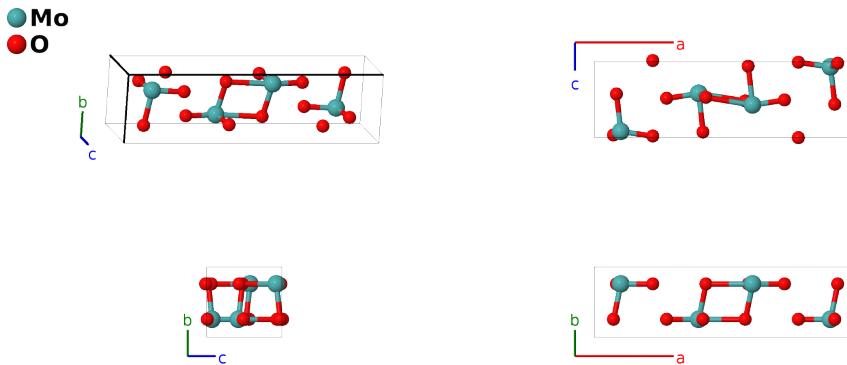
AB<sub>3</sub>\_oP16\_62\_c\_3c-001

This structure originally had the label AB<sub>3</sub>\_oP16\_62\_c\_3c. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/2C2N>

[https://aflow.org/p/AB3\\_oP16\\_62\\_c\\_3c-001](https://aflow.org/p/AB3_oP16_62_c_3c-001)



**Prototype**  $\text{MoO}_3$

**AFLOW prototype label** AB<sub>3</sub>\_oP16\_62\_c\_3c-001

**Strukturbericht designation**  $D0_8$

**Mineral name** molybdite

**ICSD** 158255

**Pearson symbol** oP16

**Space group number** 62

**Space group symbol**  $Pnma$

**AFLOW prototype command** `aflow --proto=AB3_oP16_62_c_3c-001  
--params=a,b/a,c/a,x1,z1,x2,z2,x3,z3,x4,z4`

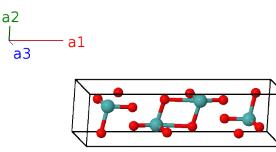
- The unit cell and atomic positions were originally given in the  $Pbnm$  orientation of space group #62. We have rotated the crystal axis, taking  $\hat{\mathbf{y}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{x}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{z}}$  to put the system in the standard  $Pnma$  representation.

## Simple Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = a \hat{\mathbf{x}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_2 = b \hat{\mathbf{y}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_3 = c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$



## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a x_1 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$-(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$-x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a x_1 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c z_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - (z_1 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c(z_1 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Mo I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a x_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$-(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a x_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c z_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O I
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - (z_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c(z_2 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O I
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a x_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O II
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$-(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O II
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a x_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c z_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O II
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	$(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - (z_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c(z_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O II
$\mathbf{B}_{13}$	$x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a x_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III
$\mathbf{B}_{14}$	$-(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III
$\mathbf{B}_{15}$	$-x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a x_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{3}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c z_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III
$\mathbf{B}_{16}$	$(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2 - (z_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c(z_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III

## References

- [1] H. Sitepu, B. H. O'Connor, and D. Li, *Comparative evaluation of the March and generalized spherical harmonic preferred orientation models using X-ray diffraction data for molybdite and calcite powders*, J. Appl. Crystallogr. **38**, 158–167 (2005), doi:10.1107/S0021889804031231.

## Found in

- [1] R. T. Downs and M. Hall-Wallace, *The American Mineralogist Crystal Structure Database*, Am. Mineral. **88**, 247–250 (2003).