

NdTe₃ Structure:

AB3_oC16_63_c_3c-002

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<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/L615>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/AB3_oC16_63_c_3c-002

Prototype	NdTe ₃
AFLOW prototype label	AB3_oC16_63_c_3c-002
ICSD	23973
CCDC	1600032
Pearson symbol	oC16
Space group number	63
Space group symbol	<i>Cmcm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB3_oC16_63_c_3c-002</code> <code>--params=<i>a, b/a, c/a, y₁, y₂, y₃, y₄</i></code>

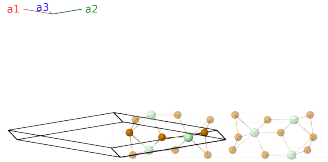
Other compounds with this structure

CeTe₃, DyTe₃, ErTe₃, GdTe₃, HoTe₃, LaTe₃, PrTe₃, SmTe₃, TbTe₃, TmTe₃, YTe₃, β -UTe₃, PrSeTe₃

- (Norling, 1966) reported the structure in the *Bmmb* setting of space group #63. We used FINDSYM to tranform it into the standard *Cmcm* setting.
- Mn₃As (*D*0_d) and NdTe₃ have the same AFLOW prototype label, AB3_oC16_63_c_3c. They are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (`--params`) specified in their corresponding CIF files.

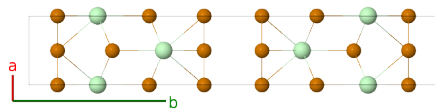
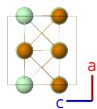
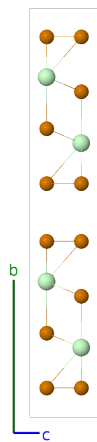
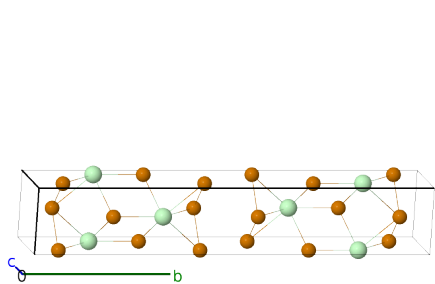
Base-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

Nd
Te



	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$=$	$-y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Nd I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$=$	$y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-by_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Nd I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$=$	$-y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Te I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$=$	$y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-by_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Te I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$=$	$-y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Te II
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$=$	$y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-by_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Te II
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$=$	$-y_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$by_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Te III
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$=$	$y_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-by_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c) Te III

References

- [1] B. K. Norling and H. Steinfink, *The Crystal Structure of Neodymium Tritelluride*, Inorg. Chem. **5**, 1488–1491 (1966), doi:10.1021/ic50043a004.

Found in

- [1] T. Chowdhury, B. R. Rano, I. M. Syed, and S. H. Naqib, *A detailed first-principles study of the structural, elastic, thermomechanical and optoelectronic properties of binary rare-earth tritelluride NdTe₃*, Adv. Theory Sim. **7**, 2400528 (2024), doi:10.1002/adts.202400528.

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