

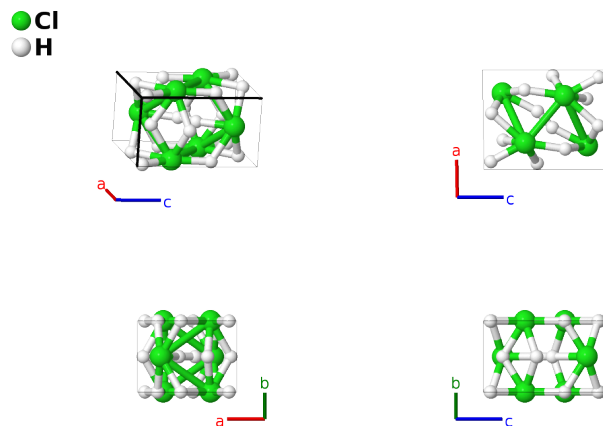
H₃Cl (400 GPa) Structure: AB3_mP16_10_mn_3m3n-001

This structure originally had the label AB3_mP16_10_mn_3m3n. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

Cite this page as: D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, E. Gossett, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 2*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **161**, S1 (2019). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2018.10.043

<https://aflow.org/p/1EYW>

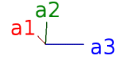
https://aflow.org/p/AB3_mP16_10_mn_3m3n-001



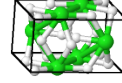
Prototype	ClH ₃
AFLOW prototype label	AB3_mP16_10_mn_3m3n-001
ICSD	none
Pearson symbol	mP16
Space group number	10
Space group symbol	<i>P2/m</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB3_mP16_10_mn_3m3n-001 --params=a, b/a, c/a, β, $x_1, z_1, x_2, z_2, x_3, z_3, x_4, z_4, x_5, z_5, x_6, z_6, x_7, z_7, x_8, z_8$</code>

- This structure was found via first-principles calculations. The data presented here was computed at a pressure of 400 GPa.
- (Zeng, 2017) do not provide a value for β , so it is assumed to be near 90°. Using exactly 90° results in space group *Pnmm* #58, so we set $\beta = 91^\circ$, yielding the proposed space group *P2/m* #10.

Simple Monoclinic primitive vectors



$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\
 \mathbf{a}_2 &= b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\
 \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \cos \beta \hat{\mathbf{x}} + c \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}
 \end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$= x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_1 + cz_1 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_1 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	Cl I
\mathbf{B}_2	$= -x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_1 + cz_1 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_1 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	Cl I
\mathbf{B}_3	$= x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_2 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	H I
\mathbf{B}_4	$= -x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_2 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	H I
\mathbf{B}_5	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	H II
\mathbf{B}_6	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	H II
\mathbf{B}_7	$= x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	H III
\mathbf{B}_8	$= -x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2m)	H III
\mathbf{B}_9	$= x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	Cl II
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$= -x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	Cl II
\mathbf{B}_{11}	$= x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	H IV
\mathbf{B}_{12}	$= -x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	H IV
\mathbf{B}_{13}	$= x_7 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_7 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_7 + cz_7 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_7 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	H V
\mathbf{B}_{14}	$= -x_7 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_7 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_7 + cz_7 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_7 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	H V
\mathbf{B}_{15}	$= x_8 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_8 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$(ax_8 + cz_8 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_8 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	H VI
\mathbf{B}_{16}	$= -x_8 \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_8 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-(ax_8 + cz_8 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} b \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_8 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2n)	H VI

References

- [1] Q. Zeng, S. Yu, D. Li, A. R. Oganov, and G. Frapper, *Emergence of novel hydrogen chlorides under high pressure*, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. **19**, 8236–8242 (2017), doi:10.1039/C6CP08708F.