

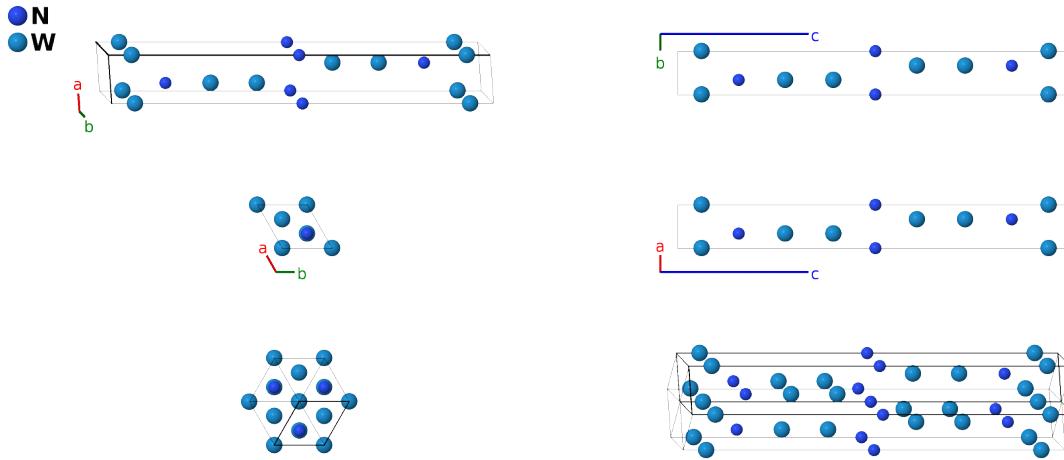
# $\delta_H^{II}$ -NW<sub>2</sub> Structure: AB2\_hP9\_164\_ad\_c2d-001

This structure originally had the label AB2\_hP9\_164\_ad\_c2d. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/Z07R>

[https://aflow.org/p/AB2\\_hP9\\_164\\_ad\\_c2d-001](https://aflow.org/p/AB2_hP9_164_ad_c2d-001)

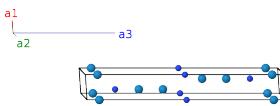


Prototype	NW <sub>2</sub>
AFLOW prototype label	AB2_hP9_164_ad_c2d-001
ICSD	none
Pearson symbol	hP9
Space group number	164
Space group symbol	$P\bar{3}m1$
AFLOW prototype command	aflow --proto=AB2_hP9_164_ad_c2d-001 --params=a, c/a, z <sub>2</sub> , z <sub>3</sub> , z <sub>4</sub> , z <sub>5</sub>

- Khitrova and Pinkser put this structure in space group  $P3$  #147, but the Wyckoff positions used are identical with space group  $P3m1$  #164, so we assign this to the higher symmetry space group.

## Trigonal (Hexagonal) primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	=	0	=	0	(1a)
$\mathbf{B}_2$	=	$z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)
$\mathbf{B}_3$	=	$-z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)
$\mathbf{B}_4$	=	$\frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)
$\mathbf{B}_5$	=	$\frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)
$\mathbf{B}_6$	=	$\frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)
$\mathbf{B}_7$	=	$\frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)
$\mathbf{B}_8$	=	$\frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)
$\mathbf{B}_9$	=	$\frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)

## References

- [1] V. I. Khitrova and Z. G. Pinkser, *Chemical Crystallography of Tungsten Nitrides and of Some Other Interstitial Phases*, Soviet Phys. Crystallogr. **6**, 712–719 (1962).