

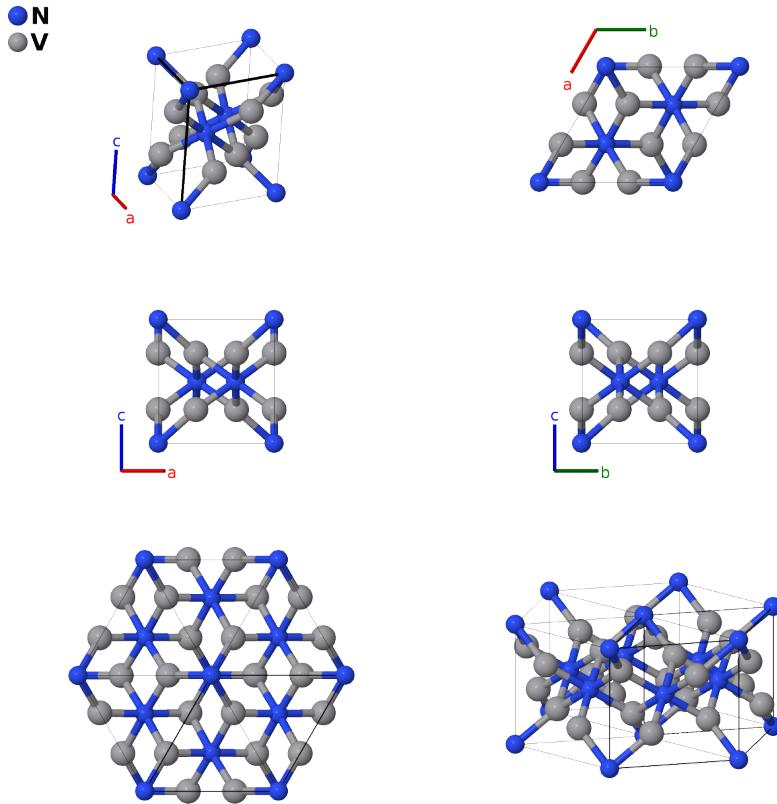
β -V₂N ($L'3_2$) Structure: AB2_hP9_162_ad_k-001

This structure originally had the label `AB2_hP9_162_ad_k`. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/RBZR>

https://aflow.org/p/AB2_hP9_162_ad_k-001



Prototype	NV ₂
AFLOW prototype label	AB2_hP9_162_ad_k-001
Strukturbericht designation	$L'3_2$
ICSD	8236
Pearson symbol	hP9
Space group number	162
Space group symbol	$P\bar{3}1m$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB2_hP9_162_ad_k-001 --params=a, c/a, x₃, z₃</code>

Other compounds with this structure

ϵ -Fe₂N, Cr₂N, β -Nb₂N, β -Ta₂N

- (Parthé, 1993) is the only reference we have seen with a *L'3₂* *Strukturbericht* designation.
- (Christensen, 1979) states that ϵ -Fe₂N is the prototype for this structure. We will instead follow (Villars, 1991), which uses β -V₂N as the prototype.
- The ternary version of this structure is rosiaite, PbSb₂O₆.

Trigonal (Hexagonal) primitive vectors



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	=	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	0	=	0	(1a)	N I
\mathbf{B}_2	$\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	N II
\mathbf{B}_3	$\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	N II
\mathbf{B}_4	$x_3\mathbf{a}_1 + z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k)	V I
\mathbf{B}_5	$x_3\mathbf{a}_2 + z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k)	V I
\mathbf{B}_6	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_1 - x_3\mathbf{a}_2 + z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k)	V I
\mathbf{B}_7	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_2 - z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k)	V I
\mathbf{B}_8	$-x_3\mathbf{a}_1 - z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-\frac{1}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_3\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k)	V I
\mathbf{B}_9	$x_3\mathbf{a}_1 + x_3\mathbf{a}_2 - z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_3\hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6k)	V I

References

- [1] A. N. Christensen and B. Lebech, *The structure of β -Vanadium Nitride*, Acta Crystallogr. Sect. B **35**, 2677–2678 (1979), doi:10.1107/S0567740879010141.
- [2] E. Parthé, L. Gelato, B. Chabot, M. Penso, K. Cenzula, and R. Gladyshevskii, *Standardized Data and Crystal Chemical Characterization of Inorganic Structure Types*, Gmelin Handbook of Inorganic and Organometallic Chemistry, vol. 2 (Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg, 1993), 8 edn., doi:10.1007/978-3-662-02909-1_3.
- [3] P. Villars and L. Calvert, *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases* (ASM International, Materials Park, OH, 1991), 2nd edn.

Found in

- [1] P. Villars and L. Calvert, *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases* (ASM International, Materials Park, OH, 1991), 2nd edn.