

# SrCuO<sub>2</sub> Structure:

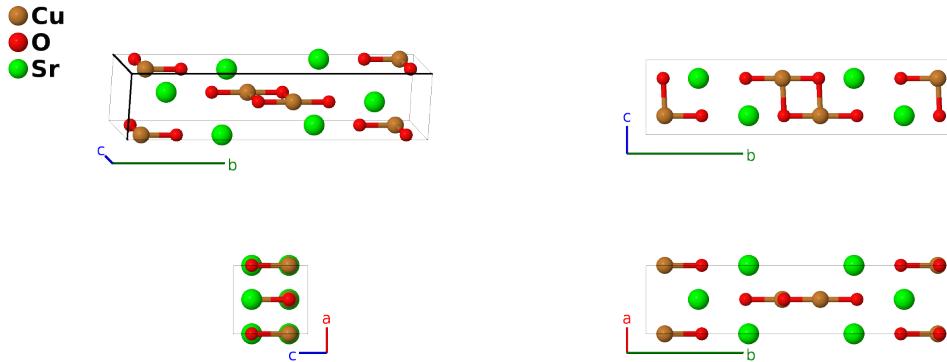
## AB<sub>2</sub>C\_oC16\_63\_c\_2c\_c-001

This structure originally had the label AB<sub>2</sub>C\_oC16\_63\_c\_2c\_c. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/WL5U>

[https://aflow.org/p/AB2C\\_oC16\\_63\\_c\\_2c\\_c-001](https://aflow.org/p/AB2C_oC16_63_c_2c_c-001)



Prototype	CuO <sub>2</sub> Sr
AFLOW prototype label	AB <sub>2</sub> C_oC16_63_c_2c_c-001
ICSD	77291
Pearson symbol	oC16
Space group number	63
Space group symbol	<i>Cmcm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	aflow --proto=AB <sub>2</sub> C_oC16_63_c_2c_c-001 --params=a,b/a,c/a,y <sub>1</sub> ,y <sub>2</sub> ,y <sub>3</sub> ,y <sub>4</sub>

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### Other compounds with this structure

BCMo<sub>2</sub>

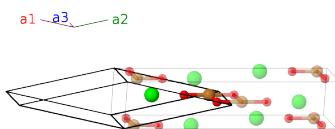
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- We use the data from (Matsushita, 1994), but the ICSD is from (Heinau, 1994).

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### Base-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$




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### Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	=	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
<b>B<sub>1</sub></b> =	$-y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$b y_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Cu I
<b>B<sub>2</sub></b> =	$y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-b y_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Cu I
<b>B<sub>3</sub></b> =	$-y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O I
<b>B<sub>4</sub></b> =	$y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O I
<b>B<sub>5</sub></b> =	$-y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$b y_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O II
<b>B<sub>6</sub></b> =	$y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-b y_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O II
<b>B<sub>7</sub></b> =	$-y_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$b y_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Sr I
<b>B<sub>8</sub></b> =	$y_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-b y_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{3}{4} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Sr I

## References

- [1] Y. Matsushita, Y. Oyama, M. Hasegawa, and H. Takei, *Growth and Structural Refinement of Orthorhombic SrCuO<sub>2</sub> Crystals*, J. Solid State Chem. **114**, 289–293 (1994), doi:10.1006/jssc.1995.1043.
- [2] M. Heinau, J. R. Baumann, B. Nick, M. Hartweg, and L. Walz, *Single crystal refinements of seven Sr<sub>1-x</sub>Ca<sub>x</sub>CuO<sub>2</sub> structures (x=0-0.573) and of Ca<sub>2-y</sub>Sr<sub>y</sub>CuO<sub>3</sub>*, Z. Krystallogr. **209**, 418–421 (1994), doi:10.1524/zkri.1994.209.5.418.