

InTaS₂ Structure:

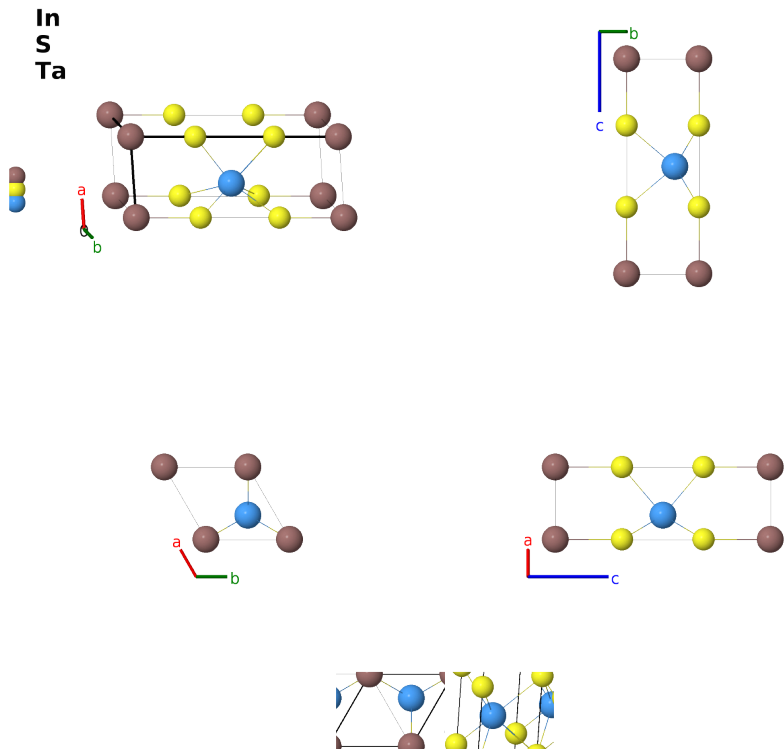
AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-002

Cite this page as:

- H. Eckert, S. Divilov, M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, A. C. Zettl, M. Esters, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 4*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **240**, 112988 (2024), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2024.112988.
- D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, M. Esters, C. Oses, O. Levy, G. L. W. Hart, C. Toher, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 3*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **199**, 110450 (2021), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2021.110450.

<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/4SXA>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-002



Prototype	InS ₂ Ta
AFLOW prototype label	AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-002
ICSD	74703
CCDC	1635392
Pearson symbol	hP4
Space group number	187
Space group symbol	$P\bar{6}m2$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-002</code> <code>--params=a, c/a, z₃</code>

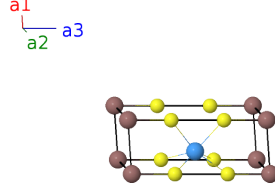
Other compounds with this structure

BiNbSe₂, InNbSe₂, PbTaS₂, SnNbSe₂

- Many, if not all, of the compounds listed here have sub-stoichiometric occupation on the (1a) site. The site is reported as fully occupied in InTaS₂.
- The value $z_3 = 0.32$ for the sulfur (2c) site is inferred from the value given for Pb_xTaS₂ by (Eppinga, 1980).
- LiAgC₂ and InTaS₂ have the same AFLOW label, AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d. They are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (`--params`) specified in their corresponding CIF files.

Hexagonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	0	$=$	0	(1a)	In I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$\frac{1}{3} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3} \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(1d)	Ta I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2g)	S I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$-z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2g)	S I

References

- [1] R. Eppinga and G. A. Wiegers, *A generalized scheme for niobium and tantalum dichalcogenides intercalated with post-transition elements*, Physica B+C **99**, 121–127 (1980), doi:10.1016/0378-4363(80)90219-3.

Found in

- [1] R. Sankar, G. N. Rao, I. P. Muthuselvam, G. Bian, H. Zheng, G. P.-J. Chen, T.-R. Chang, S. Xu, G. S. Murgan, C.-H. Lin, W.-L. Lee, H.-T. Jeng, M. Hasan, and F.-C. Chou, *Single crystal growth and physical property characterization of PbTaSe₂ as a noncentrosymmetric type-II superconductor*, doi:10.48550/arXiv.1511.05295. ArXiv:1511.05295 [cond-mat.supr-con] (We have not been able to find an archival reference for this paper. Users who know of such a reference are encouraged to contact us.).

First cited in

N. Anderson, M. J. Mehl, H. Eckert, S. Divilov, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 5*. Submitted to Computational Materials Science (2026).