

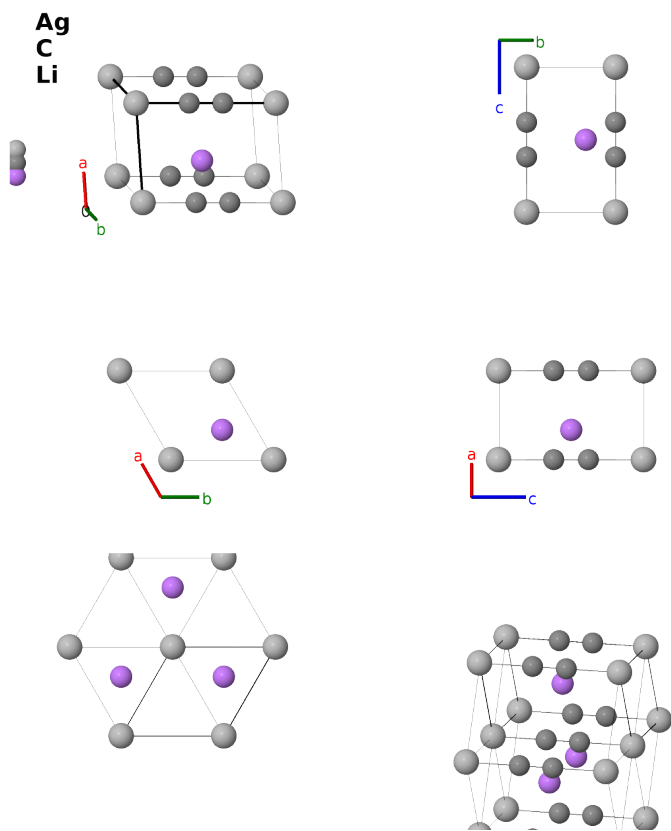
LiAgC₂ Structure: AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-001

Cite this page as:

- H. Eckert, S. Divilov, M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, A. C. Zettl, M. Esters, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 4*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **240**, 112988 (2024), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2024.112988.
- D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, M. Esters, C. Oses, O. Levy, G. L. W. Hart, C. Toher, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 3*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **199**, 110450 (2021), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2021.110450.

<https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/ZZ9R>

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-001



Prototype	AgC ₂ Li
AFLOW prototype label	AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-001
ICSD	410868
CCDC	1726615
Pearson symbol	hP4
Space group number	187
Space group symbol	$P\bar{6}m2$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d-001</code> <code>--params=a, c/a, z₃</code>

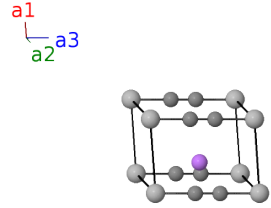
Other compounds with this structure

CsAgC₂, KAgC₂, NaAgC₂, RbAgC₂

- We do not use the lattice constants listed in Table 1 for (Kockelmann, 1999). Instead we follow the ICSD and infer the lattice constants and z_3 from the distances given in Figure 1.
 - LiAgC₂ and InTaS₂ have the same AFLOW label, AB2C_hP4_187_a_g_d. They are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (`--params`) specified in their corresponding CIF files.
-

Hexagonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	=	0	=	0	(1a) Ag I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(1d) Li I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	=	$z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2g) C I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	=	$-z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2g) C I

References

- [1] W. Kockelmann and U. Ruschewitz, *Novel Ternary Alkali Metal Silver Acetylides $M^I\text{AgC}_2$ ($M^I=\text{Li, Na, K, Rb, Cs}$)*, Ange. Chem. Int. Ed. **38**, 3492–2495 (1999), doi:10.1002/(SICI)1521-3773(19991203)38:23%3C3492::AID-ANIE3492%3E3.0.CO;2-E.

Found in

- [1] *AFLOW Database*, <https://aflow.org>. LiAgC₂, ICSD entry 410868.

First cited in

N. Anderson, M. J. Mehl, H. Eckert, S. Divilov, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 5*. Submitted to Computational Materials Science (2026).