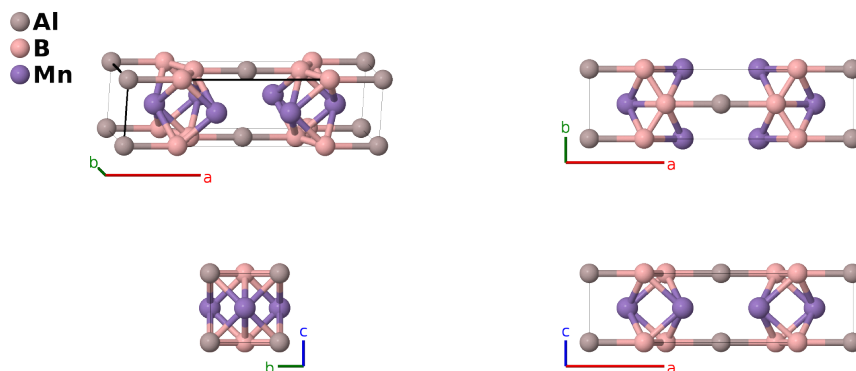


Mn₂AlB₂ Structure: AB2C2_oC10_65_a_g_h-001

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<https://aflow.org/p/XPEY>

https://aflow.org/p/AB2C2_oC10_65_a_g_h-001



Prototype	AlB ₂ Mn ₂
AFLOW prototype label	AB2C2_oC10_65_a_g_h-001
ICSD	25518
Pearson symbol	oC10
Space group number	65
Space group symbol	<i>Cmmm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=AB2C2_oC10_65_a_g_h-001 --params=a, b/a, c/a, x₂, x₃</code>

Other compounds with this structure

Cr₂AlB₂, Fe₂AlB₂

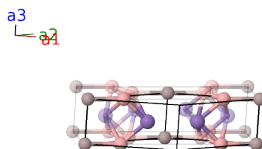
- (Becher, 1966) give the space group as *C222* #20, but their Wyckoff positions are obviously from space group *Cmmm* #65, a result which was confirmed by (Ade, 2015).

Base-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = \frac{1}{2}a \hat{x} - \frac{1}{2}b \hat{y}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_2 = \frac{1}{2}a \hat{x} + \frac{1}{2}b \hat{y}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_3 = c \hat{z}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	=	0	=	0	(2a) Al I
\mathbf{B}_2	=	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g) B I
\mathbf{B}_3	=	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-ax_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g) B I
\mathbf{B}_4	=	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h) Mn I
\mathbf{B}_5	=	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h) Mn I

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Found in

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