

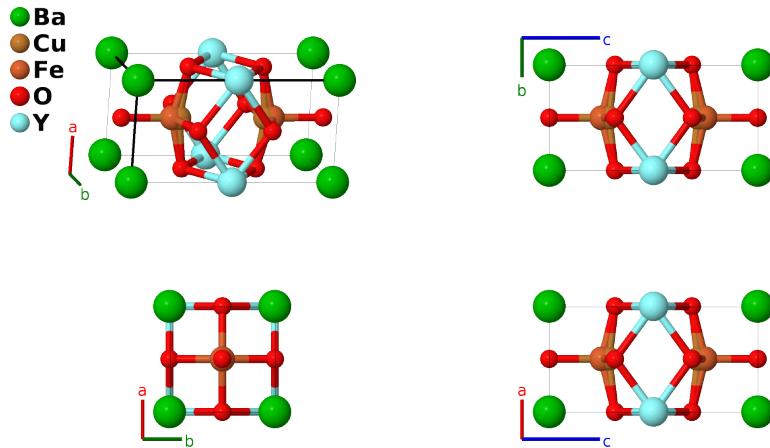
# YBaCuFeO<sub>5</sub> Structure:

AB<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2</sub>D<sub>5</sub>E\_tP11\_123\_a\_h\_h\_ci\_b-001

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<https://aflow.org/p/K0VP>

[https://aflow.org/p/AB2C2D5E\\_tP11\\_123\\_a\\_h\\_h\\_ci\\_b-001](https://aflow.org/p/AB2C2D5E_tP11_123_a_h_h_ci_b-001)



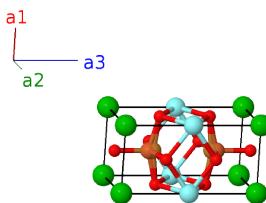
|                         |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Prototype               | BaCuFeO <sub>5</sub> Y   |
| AFLOW prototype label   | AB <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> D <sub>5</sub> E_tP11_123_a_h_h_ci_b-001  |
| ICSD                    | 79350  |
| Pearson symbol          | tP11   |
| Space group number      | 123  |
| Space group symbol      | <i>P</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>   |
| AFLOW prototype command | aflow --proto=AB <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> D <sub>5</sub> E_tP11_123_a_h_h_ci_b-001<br>--params=a, c/a, z <sub>4</sub> , z <sub>5</sub> , z <sub>6</sub> |

- The copper and iron (2h) sites are each only 50% occupied.

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## Simple Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$




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## Basis vectors

|                   | Lattice<br>coordinates   | = | Cartesian<br>coordinates  | Wyckoff<br>position | Atom<br>type |
|-------------------|--|---|---|---------------------|--------------|
| $\mathbf{B}_1$    | 0  | = | 0   | (1a)                | Ba I         |
| $\mathbf{B}_2$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$   | = | $\frac{1}{2} c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$  | (1b)                | Y I          |
| $\mathbf{B}_3$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2$                    | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$                         | (1c)                | O I          |
| $\mathbf{B}_4$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$ | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$ | (2h)                | Cu I         |
| $\mathbf{B}_5$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$ | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$ | (2h)                | Cu I         |
| $\mathbf{B}_6$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$ | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$ | (2h)                | Fe I         |
| $\mathbf{B}_7$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$ | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$ | (2h)                | Fe I         |
| $\mathbf{B}_8$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$                            | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$                                  | (4i)                | O II         |
| $\mathbf{B}_9$    | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$                            | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$                                  | (4i)                | O II         |
| $\mathbf{B}_{10}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$                            | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$                                  | (4i)                | O II         |
| $\mathbf{B}_{11}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$                            | = | $\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$                                  | (4i)                | O II         |

## References

- [1] V. Cailliaert, I. Mirebeau, F. Bourée, N. Nguyen, A. Ducouret, J.-M. Grenenechea, and B. Raveau, *Crystal and Magnetic Structure of  $YBaCuFeO_5$* , J. Solid State Chem. **114**, 24–35 (1995), doi:10.1006/jssc.1995.1004.