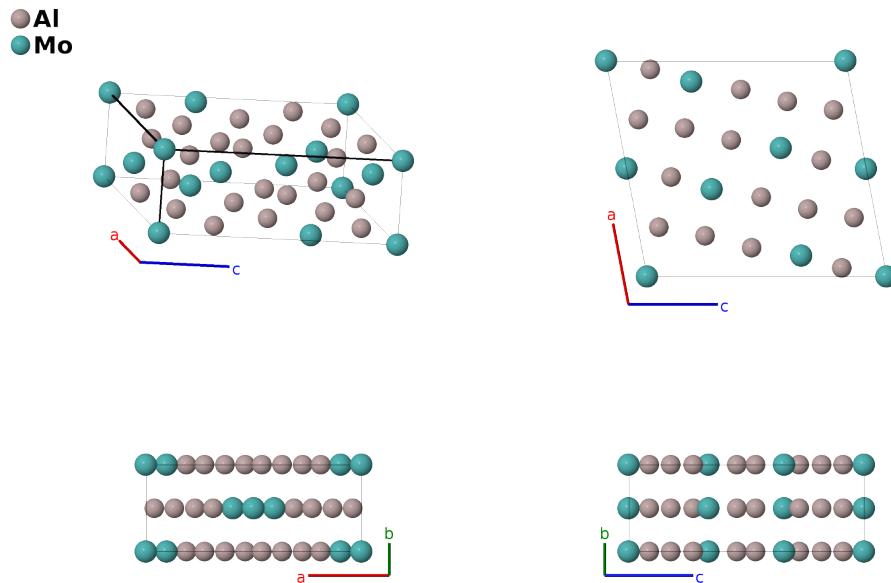


Al₈Mo₃ Structure: A8B3_mC22_12_4i_ai-001

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<https://aflow.org/p/1Y1T>

https://aflow.org/p/A8B3_mC22_12_4i_ai-001



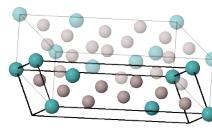
Prototype	Al ₈ Mo ₃
AFLOW prototype label	A8B3_mC22_12_4i_ai-001
ICSD	58002
Pearson symbol	mC22
Space group number	12
Space group symbol	$C2/m$
AFLOW prototype command	<pre>aflow --proto=A8B3_mC22_12_4i_ai-001 --params=a,b/a,c/a,\beta,x2,z2,x3,z3,x4,z4,x5,z5,x6,z6</pre>

- There is no ICSD entry on file for (Oster, 2017), so we use the similar entry from (Forsyth, 1962).

Base-centered Monoclinic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\
\mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\
\mathbf{a}_3 &= c\cos\beta\hat{\mathbf{x}} + c\sin\beta\hat{\mathbf{z}}
\end{aligned}$$

\mathbf{a}_1 \mathbf{a}_2 \mathbf{a}_3



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	=	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	0	=	0	(2a)	Mo I
\mathbf{B}_2	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_2 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al I
\mathbf{B}_3	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_2 + cz_2 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_2 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al I
\mathbf{B}_4	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al II
\mathbf{B}_5	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_3 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al II
\mathbf{B}_6	$x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al III
\mathbf{B}_7	$-x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_4 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al III
\mathbf{B}_8	$x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_5 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al IV
\mathbf{B}_9	$-x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_5 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Al IV
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_6 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_6 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Mo II
\mathbf{B}_{11}	$-x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_6 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos\beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_6 \sin\beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)	Mo II

References

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- [2] J. B. Forsyth and G. Gran, *The structure of the intermetallic phase γ(Mo-Al)-Mo₃Al₈*, Acta Cryst. **15**, 100–104 (1960), doi:10.1107/S0365110X62000304.