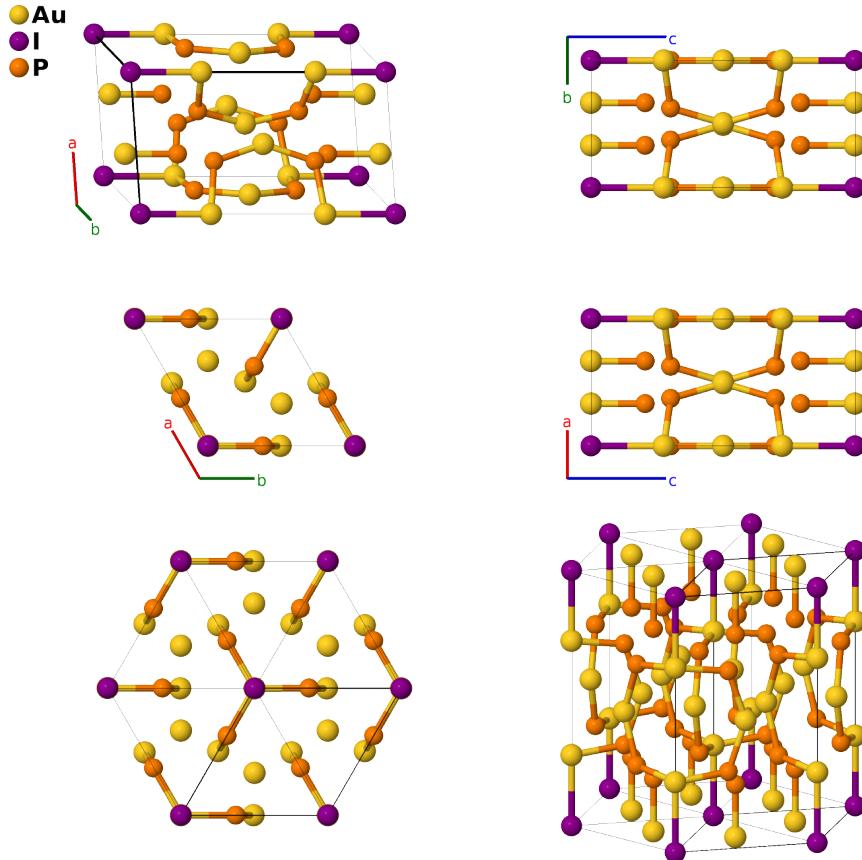


# Hexagonal Au<sub>7</sub>P<sub>10</sub>I Structure: A7BC10\_hP18\_189\_ceg\_a\_hi-001

Cite this page as: H. Eckert, S. Divilov, A. Zettel, M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 4*. In preparation.

<https://aflow.org/p/16HD>

[https://aflow.org/p/A7BC10\\_hP18\\_189\\_ceg\\_a\\_hi-001](https://aflow.org/p/A7BC10_hP18_189_ceg_a_hi-001)



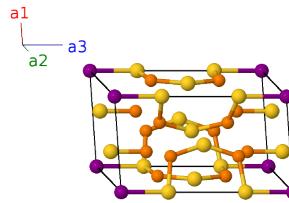
<b>Prototype</b>	Au <sub>7</sub> IP <sub>10</sub>
<b>AFLOW prototype label</b>	A7BC10_hP18_189_ceg_a_hi-001
<b>ICSD</b>	12162
<b>Pearson symbol</b>	hP18
<b>Space group number</b>	189
<b>Space group symbol</b>	$P\bar{6}2m$
<b>AFLOW prototype command</b>	<code>aflow --proto=A7BC10_hP18_189_ceg_a_hi-001 --params=a, c/a, z<sub>3</sub>, x<sub>4</sub>, z<sub>5</sub>, x<sub>6</sub>, z<sub>6</sub></code>

- There is some controversy about the structure of Au<sub>7</sub>P<sub>10</sub>I. (Binnewies, 1978) put it in the hexagonal  $P\bar{6}2m$  #189 space group, but (Jeitschko, 1979) place it in the trigonal  $P\bar{3}1m$  #162 space group. The structures are distinct, and to our knowledge the dispute has not been resolved, so we present both structures.

- We have shifted the origin, moving the iodine atoms from the (1b) to (1a) Wyckoff positions.

## Hexagonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	= 0	=	0	(1a)	I I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	= $\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2c)	Au I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	= $\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2c)	Au I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	= $z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2e)	Au II
$\mathbf{B}_5$	= $-z_3\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-cz_3\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2e)	Au II
$\mathbf{B}_6$	= $x_4\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g)	Au III
$\mathbf{B}_7$	= $x_4\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g)	Au III
$\mathbf{B}_8$	= $-x_4\mathbf{a}_1 - x_4\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(3g)	Au III
$\mathbf{B}_9$	= $\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	= $\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 - z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	= $\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 - z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	= $\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{a}_2 + z_5\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	P I
$\mathbf{B}_{13}$	= $x_6\mathbf{a}_1 + z_6\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6i)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_{14}$	= $x_6\mathbf{a}_2 + z_6\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6i)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_{15}$	= $-x_6\mathbf{a}_1 - x_6\mathbf{a}_2 + z_6\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_6\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6i)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_{16}$	= $x_6\mathbf{a}_1 - z_6\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6i)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_{17}$	= $x_6\mathbf{a}_2 - z_6\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}ax_6\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6i)	P II
$\mathbf{B}_{18}$	= $-x_6\mathbf{a}_1 - x_6\mathbf{a}_2 - z_6\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_6\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6i)	P II

## References

[1] M. Binnewies, *Darstellung, Kristallstruktur und Eigenschaften von  $Au_7P_{10}I$* , Z. Naturforsch. B **33**, 570–571 (1978), doi:10.1515/znb-1978-0521.

## Found in

[1] W. Jeitschko and M. H. Möller, *The crystal structures of  $Au_2P_3$  and  $Au_7P_{10}I$ , polyphosphides with weak Au-Au interactions*, Acta Crystallogr. Sect. B **35**, 573–579 (1979), doi:10.1107/S0567740879004180.