

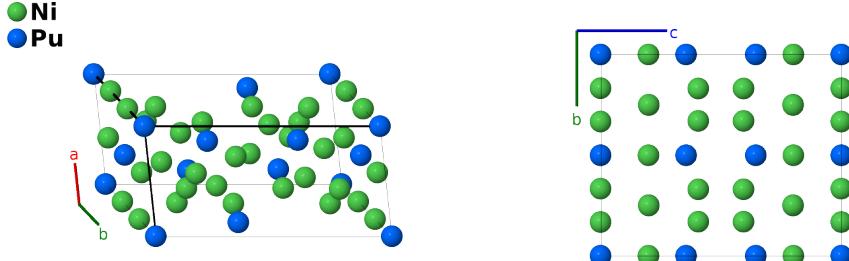
# PuNi<sub>4</sub> Structure:

## A4B\_mC30\_12\_gi2j\_ai-001

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<https://aflow.org/p/WBF9>

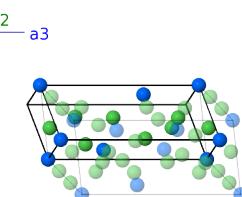
[https://aflow.org/p/A4B\\_mC30\\_12\\_gi2j\\_ai-001](https://aflow.org/p/A4B_mC30_12_gi2j_ai-001)



Prototype	Ni <sub>4</sub> Pu
AFLOW prototype label	A4B_mC30_12_gi2j_ai-001
ICSD	105322
Pearson symbol	mC30
Space group number	12
Space group symbol	$C2/m$
AFLOW prototype command	<pre>aflow --proto=A4B_mC30_12_gi2j_ai-001 --params=a,b/a,c/a,\beta,y2,x3,z3,x4,z4,x5,y5,z5,x6,y6,z6</pre>

### Base-centered Monoclinic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \cos \beta \hat{\mathbf{x}} + c \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



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## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	=	0	=	0	(2a)
$\mathbf{B}_2$	=	$-y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(4g)
$\mathbf{B}_3$	=	$y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(4g)
$\mathbf{B}_4$	=	$x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)
$\mathbf{B}_5$	=	$-x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_3 + cz_3 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_3 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)
$\mathbf{B}_6$	=	$x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)
$\mathbf{B}_7$	=	$-x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_4 + cz_4 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_4 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4i)
$\mathbf{B}_8$	=	$(x_5 - y_5) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_5 + y_5) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)
$\mathbf{B}_9$	=	$-(x_5 + y_5) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_5 - y_5) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	=	$-(x_5 - y_5) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_5 + y_5) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_5 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	=	$(x_5 + y_5) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_5 - y_5) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_5 + cz_5 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	=	$(x_6 - y_6) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_6 + y_6) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_6 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)
$\mathbf{B}_{13}$	=	$-(x_6 + y_6) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_6 - y_6) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_6 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)
$\mathbf{B}_{14}$	=	$-(x_6 - y_6) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_6 + y_6) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_6 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_6 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)
$\mathbf{B}_{15}$	=	$(x_6 + y_6) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_6 - y_6) \mathbf{a}_2 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$(ax_6 + cz_6 \cos \beta) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_6 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_6 \sin \beta \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8j)

## References

- [1] D. T. Cromer and A. C. Larson, *The crystal structure of PuNi<sub>4</sub>*, Acta Cryst. **13**, 909–912 (1960), doi:10.1107/S0365110X60002223.