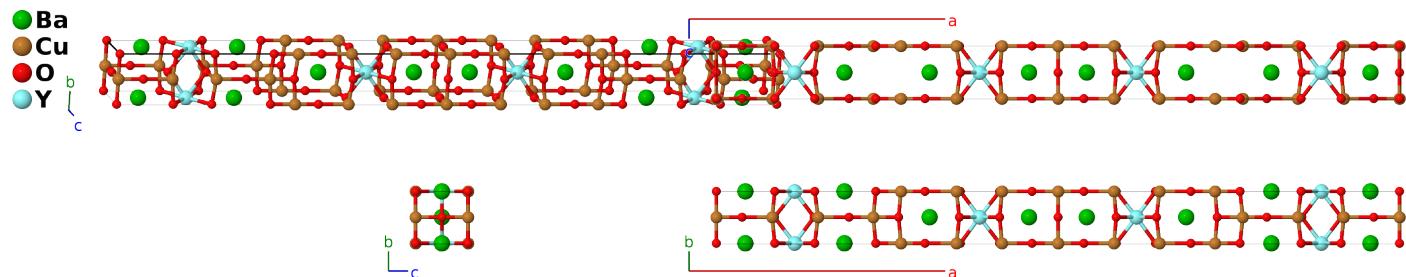


“247 Superconductor” ($\text{Y}_2\text{Ba}_4\text{Cu}_7\text{O}_{15}$) Structure: A4B7C16D2_oC58_65_2h_b3g_ac5g2h_h-001

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<https://aflow.org/p/TTW9>

https://aflow.org/p/A4B7C16D2_oC58_65_2h_b3g_ac5g2h_h-001



Prototype $\text{Ba}_4\text{Cu}_7\text{O}_{15}\text{Y}_2$

AFLOW prototype label A4B7C16D2_oC58_65_2h_b3g_ac5g2h_h-001

ICSD 69254

Pearson symbol oC58

Space group number 65

Space group symbol $Cmmm$

AFLOW prototype command `aflow --proto=A4B7C16D2_oC58_65_2h_b3g_ac5g2h_h-001
--params=a,b/a,c/a,x4,x5,x6,x7,x8,x9,x10,x11,x12,x13,x14,x15,x16`

Other compounds with this structure

$\text{Pr}_2\text{Ba}_4\text{Cu}_7\text{O}_{15}$

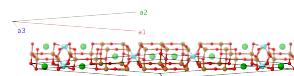
- We use the ambient pressure data from (Hewat, 1990) taken at 22K. The stoichiometry of this system is $\text{Y}_2\text{Ba}_4\text{Cu}_7\text{O}_{15+\delta}$, and here the O-I (2a) site is only occupied 84% of the time, while the O-II (2c) occupation is 24%.
- Traditionally this structure is shown in the $Ammm$ setting of space group #65 so that the long axis in the z -direction. The standard orientation is $Cmmm$, and we use FINDSYM and AFLOW to rotate the structure, putting the long axis in the x -direction.

Base-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_2 = \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\hat{\mathbf{y}}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_3 = c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$$



Basis vectors

Lattice coordinates	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
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$\mathbf{B}_1 = 0$	$= 0$	(2a)	O I
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\mathbf{B}_2	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(2b)	Cu I
\mathbf{B}_3	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	O II
\mathbf{B}_4	$=$	$x_4\mathbf{a}_1 + x_4\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	Cu II
\mathbf{B}_5	$=$	$-x_4\mathbf{a}_1 - x_4\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	Cu II
\mathbf{B}_6	$=$	$x_5\mathbf{a}_1 + x_5\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_5\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	Cu III
\mathbf{B}_7	$=$	$-x_5\mathbf{a}_1 - x_5\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_5\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	Cu III
\mathbf{B}_8	$=$	$x_6\mathbf{a}_1 + x_6\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	Cu IV
\mathbf{B}_9	$=$	$-x_6\mathbf{a}_1 - x_6\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_6\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	Cu IV
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$=$	$x_7\mathbf{a}_1 + x_7\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_7\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O III
\mathbf{B}_{11}	$=$	$-x_7\mathbf{a}_1 - x_7\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_7\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O III
\mathbf{B}_{12}	$=$	$x_8\mathbf{a}_1 + x_8\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_8\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O IV
\mathbf{B}_{13}	$=$	$-x_8\mathbf{a}_1 - x_8\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_8\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O IV
\mathbf{B}_{14}	$=$	$x_9\mathbf{a}_1 + x_9\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_9\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O V
\mathbf{B}_{15}	$=$	$-x_9\mathbf{a}_1 - x_9\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_9\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O V
\mathbf{B}_{16}	$=$	$x_{10}\mathbf{a}_1 + x_{10}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_{10}\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O VI
\mathbf{B}_{17}	$=$	$-x_{10}\mathbf{a}_1 - x_{10}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_{10}\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O VI
\mathbf{B}_{18}	$=$	$x_{11}\mathbf{a}_1 + x_{11}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_{11}\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O VII
\mathbf{B}_{19}	$=$	$-x_{11}\mathbf{a}_1 - x_{11}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_{11}\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O VII
\mathbf{B}_{20}	$=$	$x_{12}\mathbf{a}_1 + x_{12}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_{12}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	Ba I
\mathbf{B}_{21}	$=$	$-x_{12}\mathbf{a}_1 - x_{12}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_{12}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	Ba I
\mathbf{B}_{22}	$=$	$x_{13}\mathbf{a}_1 + x_{13}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_{13}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	Ba II
\mathbf{B}_{23}	$=$	$-x_{13}\mathbf{a}_1 - x_{13}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_{13}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	Ba II
\mathbf{B}_{24}	$=$	$x_{14}\mathbf{a}_1 + x_{14}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_{14}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	O VIII
\mathbf{B}_{25}	$=$	$-x_{14}\mathbf{a}_1 - x_{14}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_{14}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	O VIII
\mathbf{B}_{26}	$=$	$x_{15}\mathbf{a}_1 + x_{15}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_{15}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	O IX
\mathbf{B}_{27}	$=$	$-x_{15}\mathbf{a}_1 - x_{15}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_{15}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	O IX
\mathbf{B}_{28}	$=$	$x_{16}\mathbf{a}_1 + x_{16}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_{16}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	Y I
\mathbf{B}_{29}	$=$	$-x_{16}\mathbf{a}_1 - x_{16}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_{16}\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	Y I

References

- [1] A. W. Hewat, P. Fischer, E. Kaldis, J. Karpinski, S. Rusiecki, and E. Jilek, *High resolution neutron powder diffraction investigation of temperature and pressure effects on the structure of the high-T_c superconductor Y₂Ba₄Cu₇O₁₅*, Physica C **167**, 579–590 (1990), doi:10.1016/0921-4534(90)90677-7.