

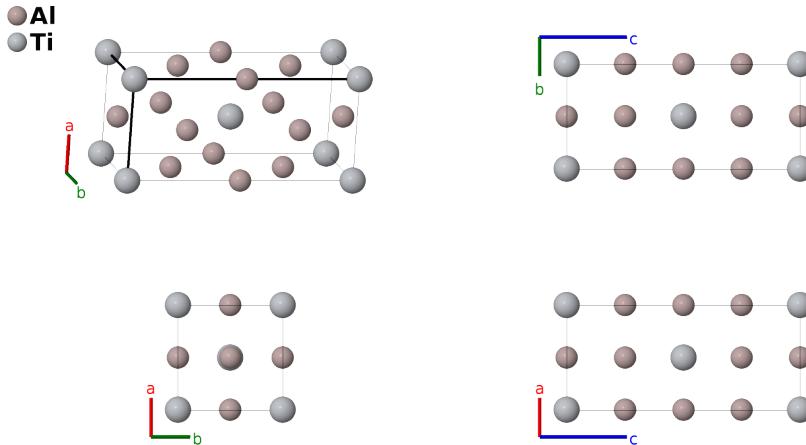
# $\text{Al}_3\text{Ti}$ ( $D0_{22}$ ) Structure: A3B\_tI8\_139\_ad\_b-001

This structure originally had the label A3B\_tI8\_139\_bd\_a. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/7W3W>

[https://aflow.org/p/A3B\\_tI8\\_139\\_ad\\_b-001](https://aflow.org/p/A3B_tI8_139_ad_b-001)



<b>Prototype</b>	$\text{Al}_3\text{Ti}$
<b>AFLOW prototype label</b>	A3B_tI8_139_ad_b-001
<b>Strukturbericht designation</b>	$D0_{22}$
<b>ICSD</b>	58189
<b>Pearson symbol</b>	tI8
<b>Space group number</b>	139
<b>Space group symbol</b>	$I4/mmm$
<b>AFLOW prototype command</b>	<code>aflow --proto=A3B_tI8_139_ad_b-001 --params=a, c/a</code>

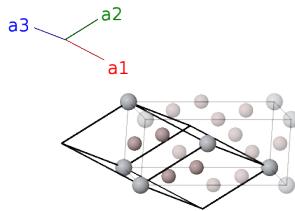
## Other compounds with this structure

$\text{Al}_3\text{Hf}$ ,  $\text{Al}_{3-x}\text{Fe}_x\text{Mo}$ ,  $\text{Al}_3\text{Nb}$ ,  $\text{Al}_3\text{Sc}$ ,  $\text{Al}_3\text{Ta}$ ,  $\text{Al}_3\text{V}$ ,  $\text{Ga}_3\text{Hf}$ ,  $\text{Ga}_3\text{Nb}$ ,  $\text{Ga}_3\text{Ti}$ ,  $\alpha\text{-NbPd}_3$ ,  $\text{Ni}_3\text{V}$ ,  $\text{Pd}_3\text{Nb}$ ,  $\text{Pd}_3\text{Ta}$ ,  $\text{Pd}_3\text{V}$ ,  $\text{Pt}_3\text{V}$

- When  $c = 2a$  the atoms are on the sites of a face-centered cubic lattice. When  $c/a = 1/\sqrt{2}$ , this becomes the cubic  $D0_3$  structure.

## Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\
 \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\
 \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}
 \end{aligned}$$



## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	= 0	=	0	(2a)	Al I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	= $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b)	Ti I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	= $\frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Al II
$\mathbf{B}_4$	= $\frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Al II

## References

- [1] P. Norby and N. Christensen, *Preparation and Structure of Al<sub>3</sub>Ti*, Acta Chem. Scand. pp. 157–159 (1986), doi:10.3891/acta.chem.scand.40a-0157.
- [2] J. Nic, S. Zhang, and D. Mikkola, *Observations on the systematic alloying of Al<sub>3</sub>Ti with fourth period elements to yield cubic phases*, Scripta Metallurgica et Materialia **24**, 1099–1104 (1990), doi:10.1016/0956-716X(90)90306-2.

## Found in

- [1] W. B. Pearson, *A Handbook of Lattice Spacings and Structures of Metals and Alloys, Volume 2, International Series of Monographs on Metal Physics and Physical Metallurgy*, vol. 8 (Pergamon Press, Oxford, London, Edinburgh, New York, Toronto, Sydney, Paris, Braunschweig, 1967).