Ti_2TaN_3 Structure: A3BC2_hP6_191_f_a_d-001

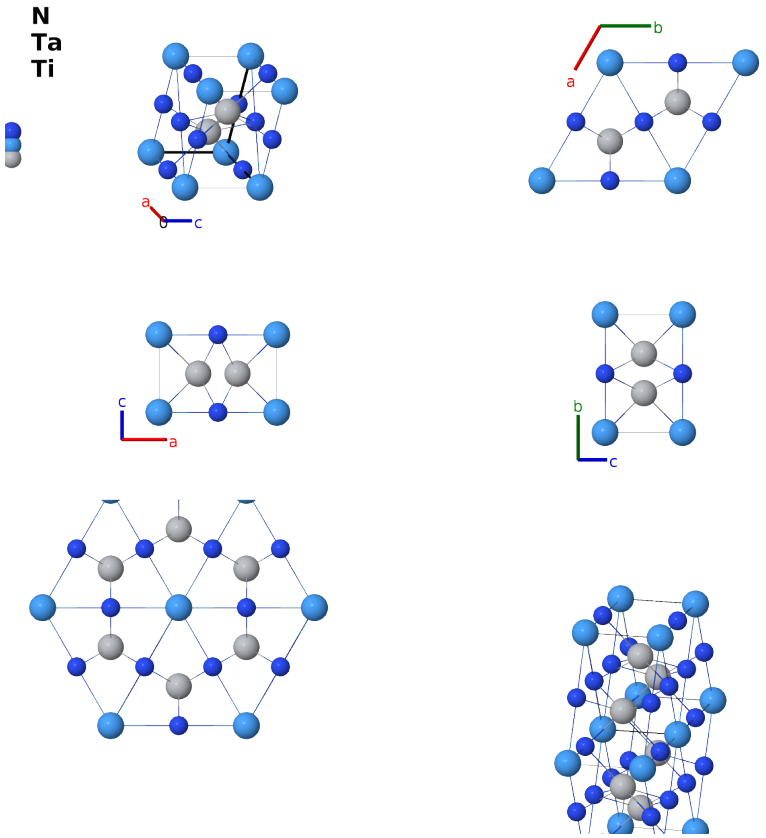
Cite this page as:

- H. Eckert, S. Divilov, M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, A. C. Zettel, M. Esters, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 4*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **240**, 112988 (2024), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2024.112988.
- D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, M. Esters, C. Oses, O. Levy, G. L. W. Hart, C. Toher, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 3*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **199**, 110450 (2021), doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2021.110450.

---

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/WHA0

https://aflow.org/prototype-encyclopedia/A3BC2_hP6_191_f_a_d-001



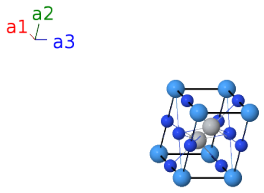
Prototype	N_3TaTi_2
AFLOW prototype label	A3BC2_hP6_191_f_a_d-001
ICSD	186418
CCDC	1695583
Pearson symbol	hP6
Space group number	191
Space group symbol	$P6/mmm$
AFLOW prototype command	`aflow --proto=A3BC2_hP6_191_f_a_d-001 --params=`$a, c/a$

Other compounds with this structure
U_2TiH_3

- This is the ternary form of CoSn ($B35$). The ICSD lists it under the CoSn/NTa structure type.

Hexagonal primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a_1} = \frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\,\hat{\mathbf{y}}$$
$$\mathbf{a_2} = \frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a\,\hat{\mathbf{y}}$$
$$\mathbf{a_3} = c\,\hat{\mathbf{z}}$$



Basis vectors

		Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B_1}$	=	0	=	0	(1a)	Ta I
$\mathbf{B_2}$	=	$\frac{1}{3}\,\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{2}{3}\,\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\,\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\,\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\,\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	Ti I
$\mathbf{B_3}$	=	$\frac{2}{3}\,\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{3}\,\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\,\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a\,\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\,\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2d)	Ti I
$\mathbf{B_4}$	=	$\frac{1}{2}\,\mathbf{a}_1$	=	$\frac{1}{4}a\,\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a\,\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(3f)	N I
$\mathbf{B_5}$	=	$\frac{1}{2}\,\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{4}a\,\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}a\,\hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(3f)	N I
$\mathbf{B_6}$	=	$\frac{1}{2}\,\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\,\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$\frac{1}{2}a\,\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(3f)	N I

References

[1] T. Chihi, M. Fatmi, J. C. Parlebas, and M. Guemmaz, *Structural stability and electronic properties of M_2TaN_3, ε-TaN and MTa_2N_3 (M = Ti, Zr, Hf) compounds*, Eur. Phys. J. Appl. Phys. **55**, 20101 (2011), doi:10.1051/epjap/2011100479.

Found in

[1] *Inorganic Crystal Structure Database*. Entry 186418 [Na3TaTi2].

First cited in

N. Anderson, M. J. Mehl, H. Eckert, S. Divilov, X. Campilongo, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 5*. Submitted to Computational Materials Science (2026).