Nb₃O₇F Structure:

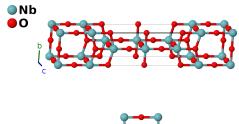
A3B8_oC22_65_bg_ac2gh-001

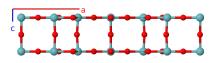
This structure originally had the label A3B8_oC22_65_ag_bd2gh. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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https://aflow.org/p/YUGM

https://aflow.org/p/A3B8_oC22_65_bg_ac2gh-001









Prototype FNb_3O_7

AFLOW prototype label A3B8_oC22_65_bg_ac2gh-001

ICSD 28461
Pearson symbol oC22
Space group number 65

Space group symbol Cmmm

AFLOW prototype command aflow --proto=A3B8_oC22_65_bg_ac2gh-001 --params= $a,b/a,c/a,x_4,x_5,x_6,x_7$

Other compounds with this structure

 $Nb_3O_7(OH)$

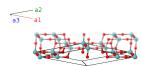
• (Andersson, 1964) was not able to distinguish between oxygen and fluorine, so it is assumed that the fluorine atoms (or OH radicals) are distributed randomly on the oxygen sites. We follow Andersson and label all the sites as oxygen.

Base-centered Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\mathbf{a_1} \quad = \quad \frac{1}{2}a\,\mathbf{\hat{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b\,\mathbf{\hat{y}}$$

$$\mathbf{a_2} = \frac{1}{2}a\,\mathbf{\hat{x}} + \frac{1}{2}b\,\mathbf{\hat{y}}$$

$$\mathbf{a_3} = c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$



Basis vectors

		Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B_1}$	=	0	=	0	(2a)	ΟI
$\mathbf{B_2}$	=	$rac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1+rac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2$	=	$rac{1}{2}a\mathbf{\hat{x}}$	(2b)	Nb I
B_3	=	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$rac{1}{2}a\mathbf{\hat{x}} + rac{1}{2}c\mathbf{\hat{z}}$	(2c)	O II
B_4	=	$x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_4 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$ax_4\mathbf{\hat{x}}$	(4g)	Nb II
B_5	=	$-x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_4 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-ax_4\mathbf{\hat{x}}$	(4g)	Nb II
${f B_6}$	=	$x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_5 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$ax_5\mathbf{\hat{x}}$	(4g)	O III
$\mathbf{B_7}$	=	$-x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_5 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-ax_{5}\hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4g)	O III
${f B_8}$	=	$x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_6 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$ax_6\mathbf{\hat{x}}$	(4g)	O IV
${f B_9}$	=	$-x_6 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_6 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-ax_6\mathbf{\hat{x}}$	(4g)	O IV
${\bf B_{10}}$	=	$x_7 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_7 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$ax_7\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4h)	o v
$\mathbf{B_{11}}$	=	$-x_7\mathbf{a}_1 - x_7\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-ax_7\mathbf{\hat{x}} + \frac{1}{2}c\mathbf{\hat{z}}$	(4h)	o v

References

^[1] S. Andersson, The Crystal Structure of Nb_3O_7F , Acta Chem. Scand. 18, 2339–2344 (1964), doi:10.3891/acta.chem.scand.18-2339.