

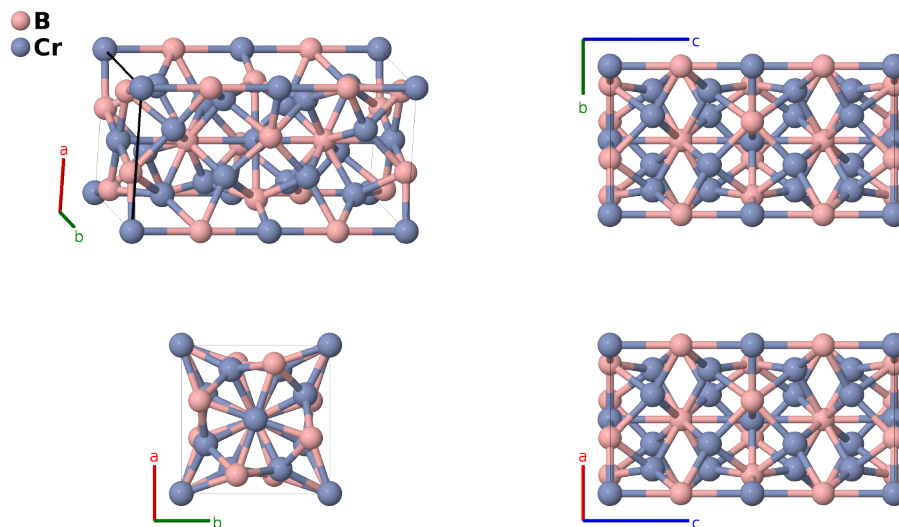
Cr₅B₃ (*D*8_I) Structure: A3B5_tI32_140_ah_cl-001

This structure originally had the label A3B5_tI32_140_ah_cl. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

Cite this page as: D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, E. Gossett, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 2*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **161**, S1 (2019). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2018.10.043

<https://afLOW.org/p/AK18>

https://afLOW.org/p/A3B5_tI32_140_ah_cl-001



Prototype	B ₃ Cr ₅
AFLOW prototype label	A3B5_tI32_140_ah_cl-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	<i>D</i> 8 _I
ICSD	27124
Pearson symbol	tI32
Space group number	140
Space group symbol	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mcm</i>
AFLOW prototype command	<code>afLOW --proto=A3B5_tI32_140_ah_cl-001 --params=a, c/a, x₃, x₄, z₄</code>

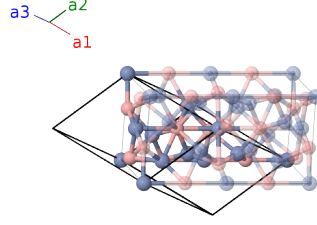
Other compounds with this structure

Eu₅Ge₃, Pr₅Si₃, Ta₅Ge₃, Nb₅Si₃, Ta₅Si₃, EuIrGe₂, Fe₅PB₂, Fe₅SiB₂, Fe₄CoPB₂, Fe₄MnPB₂, Fe₄CoSiB₂, Fe₄MnSiB₂, Mo₅SiB₂, Sr₅In₃, Gd₅CoSi₂, Ca₅Si₃, Sr₅Si₃

- We have been unable to obtain a copy of (Bertaut, 1953), so we use the data found online from (Downs, 2003). Although Cr₅B₃ is universally regarded as the prototype for *D*8_I, it appears that no other determination of the internal parameters has ever been made. The values found in (Downs, 2003) seem to be reasonable choices, and agree with the ICSD entry.

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	B I
\mathbf{B}_2	$= \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{3}{4}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	B I
\mathbf{B}_3	$= 0$	$=$	0	(4c)	Cr I
\mathbf{B}_4	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	Cr I
\mathbf{B}_5	$= (x_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + (2x_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + a(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	B II
\mathbf{B}_6	$= -(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - (2x_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - a(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	B II
\mathbf{B}_7	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	B II
\mathbf{B}_8	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(8h)	B II
\mathbf{B}_9	$= (x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 + z_4) \mathbf{a}_2 + (2x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + a(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$= (-x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_4 - z_4) \mathbf{a}_2 - (2x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - a(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II
\mathbf{B}_{11}	$= (x_4 + z_4) \mathbf{a}_1 + (-x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II
\mathbf{B}_{12}	$= -(x_4 - z_4) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 + z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II
\mathbf{B}_{13}	$= (x_4 - z_4) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_4 + z_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II
\mathbf{B}_{14}	$= -(x_4 + z_4) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 - z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II
\mathbf{B}_{15}	$= (x_4 - z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 - z_4) \mathbf{a}_2 + (2x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + a(x_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II
\mathbf{B}_{16}	$= -(x_4 + z_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 - (x_4 + z_4) \mathbf{a}_2 - (2x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - a(x_4 - \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(16l)	Cr II

References

- [1] F. Bertaut and P. Blum, *C. R. Acad. Sci.*, Comptes Rendus Hebdomadaires des Seances de l'Academie des Sciences **236**, 1055–1056 (1953).

Found in

- [1] R. T. Downs and M. Hall-Wallace, *The American Mineralogist Crystal Structure Database*, Am. Mineral. **88**, 247–250 (2003).