

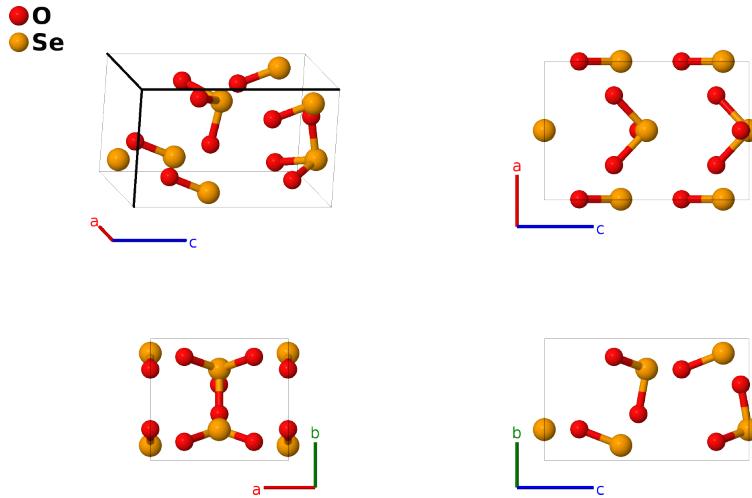
β -SeO₂ Structure: A2B_oP12_26_abc_ab-002

This structure originally had the label A2B_oP12_26_abc_ab.Se02. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/2MYY>

https://aflow.org/p/A2B_oP12_26_abc_ab-002

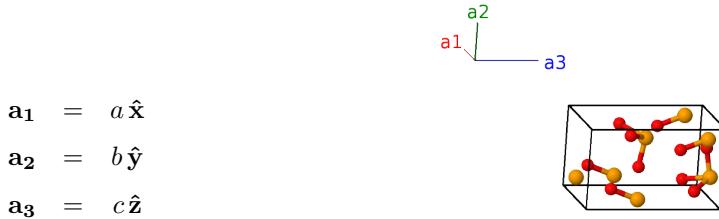


Prototype	O ₂ Se
AFLOW prototype label	A2B_oP12_26_abc_ab-002
ICSD	99464
Pearson symbol	oP12
Space group number	26
Space group symbol	<i>Pmc</i> 2 ₁
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2B_oP12_26_abc_ab-002 --params=a,b/a,c/a,y₁,z₁,y₂,z₂,y₃,z₃,y₄,z₄,x₅,y₅,z₅</code>

- SeO₂ has been observed in three phases (Orosel, 2004):
 - Downeyite, α -SeO₂, *Strukturbericht C47*, the ground state,
 - β -SeO₂ (this structure), and
 - γ -SeO₂.
- The later two phases form at high pressures (up to 15GPa and 820°C) but upon quenching and slowly reducing the pressure they remain metastable under ambient conditions.
- Data for β -SeO₂ was taken at 200K using powder diffraction data.
- Space group *Pmc*2₁ #26 allows an arbitrary choice for the origin of the *z*-axis. Here we follow (Orosel, 2004) and set *z*₄ = 0 for the Se II (2b) site.

- β -SeO₂ has the same AFLOW label as 70 GPa H₂S, A2B_oP12_26_abc_ab. The structures are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (`--params`) specified in their corresponding CIF files.

Simple Orthorhombic primitive vectors



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	=	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$b y_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2a)	O I
\mathbf{B}_2	$-y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-b y_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c (z_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2a)	O I
\mathbf{B}_3	$y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2a)	Se I
\mathbf{B}_4	$-y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c (z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2a)	Se I
\mathbf{B}_5	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b)	O II
\mathbf{B}_6	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c (z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b)	O II
\mathbf{B}_7	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + y_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b)	Se II
\mathbf{B}_8	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 - y_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c (z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b)	Se II
\mathbf{B}_9	$x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a x_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$-x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a x_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III
\mathbf{B}_{11}	$x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$a x_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III
\mathbf{B}_{12}	$-x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$-a x_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4c)	O III

References

[1] D. Orosel, O. Leynaud, P. Balog, and M. Jansen, *Pressure–temperature phase diagram of SeO₂. Characterization of new phases*, J. Solid State Chem. **177**, 1631–1638 (2004), doi:10.1016/j.jssc.2003.12.028.

Found in

[1] P. Villars and K. Cenzual, *Pearson’s Crystal Data – Crystal Structure Database for Inorganic Compounds* (2013). ASM International.