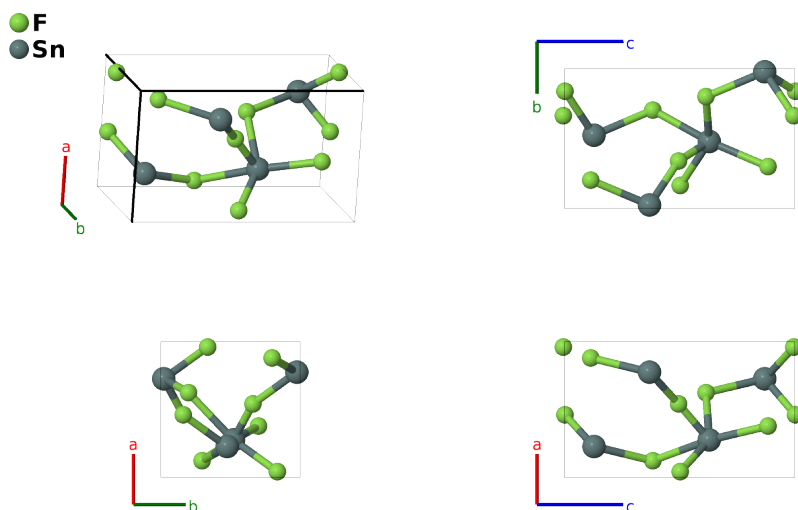


β -SnF₂ Structure: A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002

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<https://aflow.org/p/RZ21>

https://aflow.org/p/A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002



Prototype	F ₂ Sn
AFLOW prototype label	A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002
ICSD	14194
Pearson symbol	oP12
Space group number	19
Space group symbol	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2B_oP12_19_2a_a-002 --params=a, b/a, c/a, x₁, y₁, z₁, x₂, y₂, z₂, x₃, y₃, z₃</code>

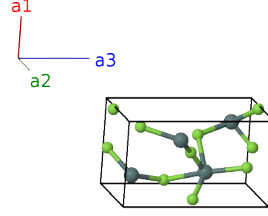
Other compounds with this structure

GeF₂, γ -TeO₂

- SnF₂ is found in three structures:
 - monoclinic α -SnF₂, the ground state
 - orthorhombic β -SnF₂ (this structure), formed from γ -SnF₂ on cooling below 67°C, and
 - tetragonal γ -SnF₂, produced by heating α -SnF₂ above 180°C, forming in the tellurite (β -TeO₂) structure.
- Data for β -SnF₂ was taken at room temperature.
- Low-temperature Naumannite (AgO₂ II) and β -SnF₂ have the same AFLOW prototype label, A2B_oP12_19_2a.a. They are generated by the same symmetry operations with different sets of parameters (`--params`) specified in their corresponding CIF files.

Simple Orthorhombic primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= b \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$= x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a x_1 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
\mathbf{B}_2	$= -\left(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a \left(x_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_1 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c \left(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
\mathbf{B}_3	$= -x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(y_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(z_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a x_1 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b \left(y_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c \left(z_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
\mathbf{B}_4	$= \left(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(y_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a \left(x_1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b \left(y_1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c z_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F I
\mathbf{B}_5	$= x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a x_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
\mathbf{B}_6	$= -\left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a \left(x_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_2 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c \left(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
\mathbf{B}_7	$= -x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(y_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(z_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a x_2 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b \left(y_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c \left(z_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
\mathbf{B}_8	$= \left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(y_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a \left(x_2 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b \left(y_2 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c z_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	F II
\mathbf{B}_9	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a x_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b y_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c z_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I
\mathbf{B}_{10}	$= -\left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + \left(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a \left(x_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b y_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c \left(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I
\mathbf{B}_{11}	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + \left(y_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - \left(z_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-a x_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + b \left(y_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c \left(z_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I
\mathbf{B}_{12}	$= \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_1 - \left(y_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$a \left(x_3 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - b \left(y_3 - \frac{1}{2}\right) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - c z_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4a)	Sn I

References

- [1] G. Denes, J. Pannetier, and J. Lucas, *About SnF₂ stannous fluoride. II. Crystal structure of β - and γ -SnF₂*, J. Solid State Chem. **33**, 1–11 (1980), doi:10.1016/0022-4596(80)90541-1.