

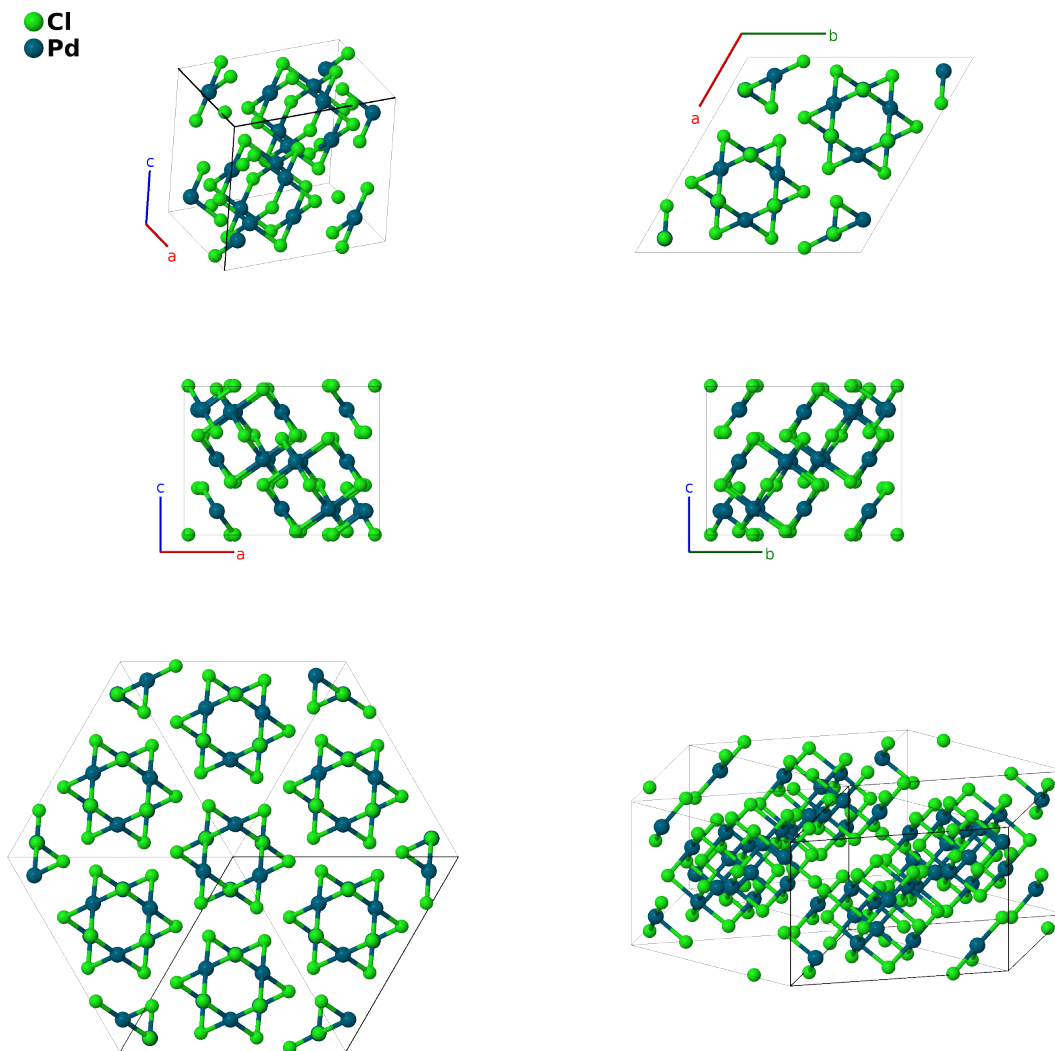
# $\beta$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub> Structure: A2B\_hR18\_148\_2f\_f-001

This structure originally had the label **A2B\_hR18\_148\_2f\_f**. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/8GMP>

[https://aflow.org/p/A2B\\_hR18\\_148\\_2f\\_f-001](https://aflow.org/p/A2B_hR18_148_2f_f-001)



Prototype	Cl <sub>2</sub> Pd
AFLOW prototype label	A2B_hR18_148_2f_f-001
ICSD	404624
Pearson symbol	hR18
Space group number	148

Space group symbol

$R\bar{3}$

AFLOW prototype command

afLOW --proto=A2B\_hR18\_148\_2f\_f-001

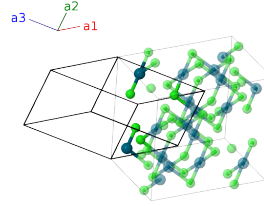
--params= $a, c/a, x_1, y_1, z_1, x_2, y_2, z_2, x_3, y_3, z_3$

- 
- PdCl<sub>2</sub> is known to exist in four different structures at ambient pressure (Evers, 2010):
    - orthorhombic  $\alpha$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub>,
    - rhombohedral  $\beta$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub> (this structure),
    - monoclinic  $\gamma$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub>, and
    - monoclinic  $\delta$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub>.
  - (Dell'Amico, 1996) did the original assessment of the crystal structure of  $\beta$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub>, but it is difficult to determine the Wyckoff positions from this paper. We relied on (Villars, 2010) for the Wyckoff positions.

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### Rhombohedral primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c \hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= -\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



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### Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= \frac{1}{2}a (x_1 - z_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (x_1 - 2y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c (x_1 + y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$z_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + y_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= -\frac{1}{2}a (y_1 - z_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (2x_1 - y_1 - z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c (x_1 + y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= -\frac{1}{2}a (x_1 - y_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (x_1 + y_1 - 2z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c (x_1 + y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$-x_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= -\frac{1}{2}a (x_1 - z_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (x_1 - 2y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c (x_1 + y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$-z_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_1 \mathbf{a}_2 - y_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= \frac{1}{2}a (y_1 - z_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (2x_1 - y_1 - z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c (x_1 + y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$-y_1 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_1 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= \frac{1}{2}a (x_1 - y_1) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (x_1 + y_1 - 2z_1) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c (x_1 + y_1 + z_1) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= \frac{1}{2}a (x_2 - z_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (x_2 - 2y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c (x_2 + y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl II
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$z_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + y_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= -\frac{1}{2}a (y_2 - z_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (2x_2 - y_2 - z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c (x_2 + y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl II
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= -\frac{1}{2}a (x_2 - y_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (x_2 + y_2 - 2z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c (x_2 + y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl II
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$-x_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= -\frac{1}{2}a (x_2 - z_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (x_2 - 2y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c (x_2 + y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl II
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$-z_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - y_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$= \frac{1}{2}a (y_2 - z_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a (2x_2 - y_2 - z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c (x_2 + y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(6f)	Cl II

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbf{B}_{12} &= -y_2 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_2 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_2 \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a(x_2 - y_2) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a(x_2 + y_2 - 2z_2) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c(x_2 + y_2 + z_2) \hat{\mathbf{z}} &(6f) &\text{Cl II} \\
\mathbf{B}_{13} &= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a(x_3 - z_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a(x_3 - 2y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c(x_3 + y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{z}} &(6f) &\text{Pd I} \\
\mathbf{B}_{14} &= z_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + y_3 \mathbf{a}_3 &= -\frac{1}{2}a(y_3 - z_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a(2x_3 - y_3 - z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c(x_3 + y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{z}} &(6f) &\text{Pd I} \\
\mathbf{B}_{15} &= y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_3 &= -\frac{1}{2}a(x_3 - y_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a(x_3 + y_3 - 2z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{3}c(x_3 + y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{z}} &(6f) &\text{Pd I} \\
\mathbf{B}_{16} &= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3 &= -\frac{1}{2}a(x_3 - z_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a(x_3 - 2y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c(x_3 + y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{z}} &(6f) &\text{Pd I} \\
\mathbf{B}_{17} &= -z_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - y_3 \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a(y_3 - z_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a(2x_3 - y_3 - z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c(x_3 + y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{z}} &(6f) &\text{Pd I} \\
\mathbf{B}_{18} &= -y_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a(x_3 - y_3) \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}a(x_3 + y_3 - 2z_3) \hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{3}c(x_3 + y_3 + z_3) \hat{\mathbf{z}} &(6f) &\text{Pd I}
\end{aligned}$$

## References

- [1] D. B. Dell'Amico, F. Calderazzo, F. Marchetti, and S. Ramello, *Molecular Structure of [Pd<sub>6</sub>Cl<sub>12</sub>] in Single Crystals Chemically Grown at Room Temperature*, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **35**, 1131–1133 (1996), doi:10.1002/anie.199613311.
- [2] J.Evers, W. Beck, M. Göbel, S. Jakob, P. Mayer, G. Oehlinger, M. Rotter, and T. Klapötke, *The Structures of  $\delta$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub> and  $\gamma$ -PdCl<sub>2</sub>: Phases with Negative Thermal Expansion in One Direction*, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **49**, 5677–5682 (2010), doi:10.1002/anie.201000680.
- [3] P. Villars and K. Cenzual, eds., *Structure Types* (Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg, 2010), *Landolt-Börnstein – Group III Condensed Matter*, vol. 43A8, chap. Part 8: SpaceGroups (156) P3m1 – (148) R-3, doi:10.1007/978-3-540-70892-6\_423.