

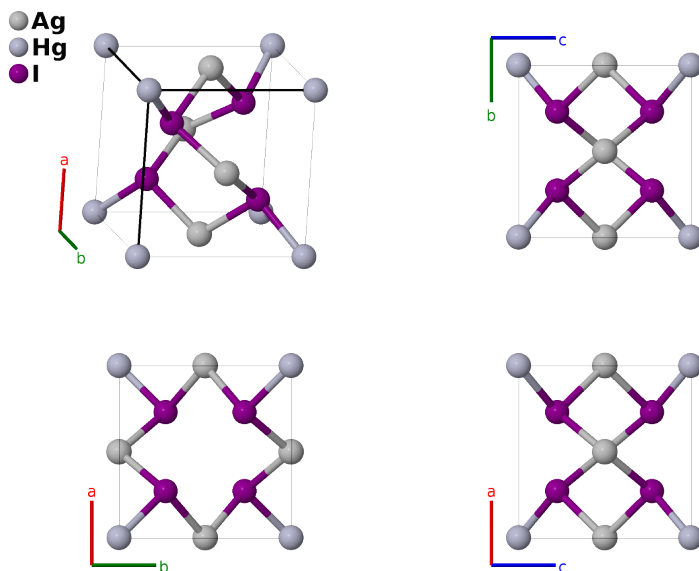
$E3_1$ (β - Ag_2HgI_4) Structure: A2BC4_tP7_111_e_b_n-001

This structure originally had the label A2BC4_tP7_111_f_a_n. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/34W5>

https://aflow.org/p/A2BC4_tP7_111_e_b_n-001



Prototype	Ag_2HgI_4
AFLOW prototype label	A2BC4_tP7_111_e_b_n-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	$E3_1$
ICSD	30264
Pearson symbol	tP7
Space group number	111
Space group symbol	$P\bar{4}2m$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2BC4_tP7_111_e_b_n-001 --params=a, c/a, x3, z3</code>

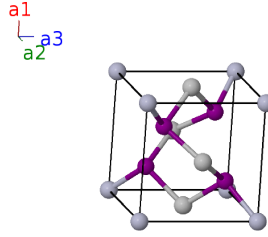
Other compounds with this structure

CdIn_2Se_4 , CuHg_2I_4

- (Ketelaar, 1931) determined this pseudo-cubic structure for β - Ag_2HgI_4 , and (Hermann, 1937) assigned it the *Strukturbericht* symbol $E3_1$. Later, (Browall, 1974) showed that β - Ag_2HgI_4 takes the Al_2CdS_4 structure, which (Pearson, 1967) listed as *Strukturbericht* $E3$.
- The CdIn_2Se_4 structure found by (Hahn, 1955) does seem to be in this phase, so we have removed the “obsolete” label.

Simple Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(1b)	Hg I
\mathbf{B}_2	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(2e)	Ag I
\mathbf{B}_3	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(2e)	Ag I
\mathbf{B}_4	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4n)	I I
\mathbf{B}_5	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4n)	I I
\mathbf{B}_6	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4n)	I I
\mathbf{B}_7	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4n)	I I

References

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- [3] H. Hahn, G. Frank, W. Klingler, A. D. Störger, and G. Störger, *Untersuchungen über ternäre Chalkogenide. VI. Über Ternäre Chalkogenide des Aluminiums, Galliums und Indiums mit Zink, Cadmium und Quecksilber*, Z. Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie **279**, 241–270 (1955), doi:10.1002/zaac.19552790502.
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Found in

- [1] K. W. Browall, J. S. Kasper, and H. Wiedemeier, *Single-crystal studies of $\beta\text{-Ag}_2\text{HgI}_4$* , J. Solid State Chem. **10**, 20–28 (1974), doi:10.1016/0022-4596(74)90004-8.