

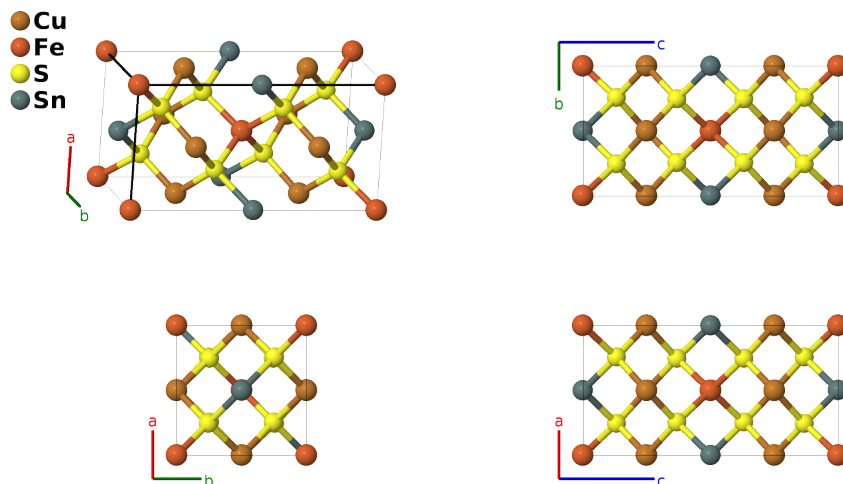
Stannite ($\text{Cu}_2\text{FeS}_4\text{Sn}$, $H2_6$) Structure: A2BC4D_tI16_121_d_a_i_b-001

This structure originally had the label A2BC4D_tI16_121_d_a_i_b. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

Cite this page as: M. J. Mehl, D. Hicks, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 1*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **136**, S1-828 (2017). doi: 10.1016/j.commatsci.2017.01.017

<https://aflow.org/p/JRUG>

https://aflow.org/p/A2BC4D_tI16_121_d_a_i_b-001



Prototype	$\text{Cu}_2\text{FeS}_4\text{Sn}$
AFLOW prototype label	A2BC4D_tI16_121_d_a_i_b-001
<i>Strukturbericht</i> designation	$H2_6$
Mineral name	stannite
ICSD	26721
Pearson symbol	tI16
Space group number	121
Space group symbol	$I\bar{4}2m$
AFLOW prototype command	<code>aflow --proto=A2BC4D_tI16_121_d_a_i_b-001 --params=a, c/a, x₄, z₄</code>

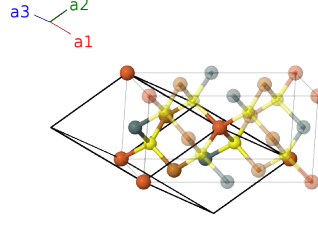
Other compounds with this structure

$\text{Cu}_2\text{CdSe}_4\text{Sn}$, $\text{Cu}_2\text{CoS}_4\text{Sn}$, $\text{Cu}_2\text{GeHgS}_4$, $\text{Cu}_2\text{HgS}_4\text{Sn}$, $\text{Ag}_2\text{FeS}_4\text{Sn}$, $\text{Ag}_2\text{KS}_4\text{Sb}$

- If $c = 2a$, $x = 1/4$, and $z = 3/8$, the atoms are on the sites of the diamond ($A4$) structure. If, in addition, the Cu, Fe, and Sn atoms are replaced by a single atom type the crystal reduces to the zincblende ($B3$) structure.

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
\mathbf{B}_1	$=$	0	$=$	0	(2a) Fe I
\mathbf{B}_2	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b) Sn I
\mathbf{B}_3	$=$	$\frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d) Cu I
\mathbf{B}_4	$=$	$\frac{1}{4}\mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{3}{4}\mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{4}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d) Cu I
\mathbf{B}_5	$=$	$(x_4 + z_4)\mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 + z_4)\mathbf{a}_2 + 2x_4\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i) S I
\mathbf{B}_6	$=$	$-(x_4 - z_4)\mathbf{a}_1 - (x_4 - z_4)\mathbf{a}_2 - 2x_4\mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_4\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i) S I
\mathbf{B}_7	$=$	$-(x_4 + z_4)\mathbf{a}_1 + (x_4 - z_4)\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i) S I
\mathbf{B}_8	$=$	$(x_4 - z_4)\mathbf{a}_1 - (x_4 + z_4)\mathbf{a}_2$	$=$	$-ax_4\hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_4\hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_4\hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8i) S I

References

- [1] L. O. Brockway, *The Crystal Structure of Stannite, $\text{Cu}_2\text{FeSnS}_4$* , Z. Kristallogr. **89**, 434–441 (1934), doi:10.1524/zkri.1934.89.1.434.