

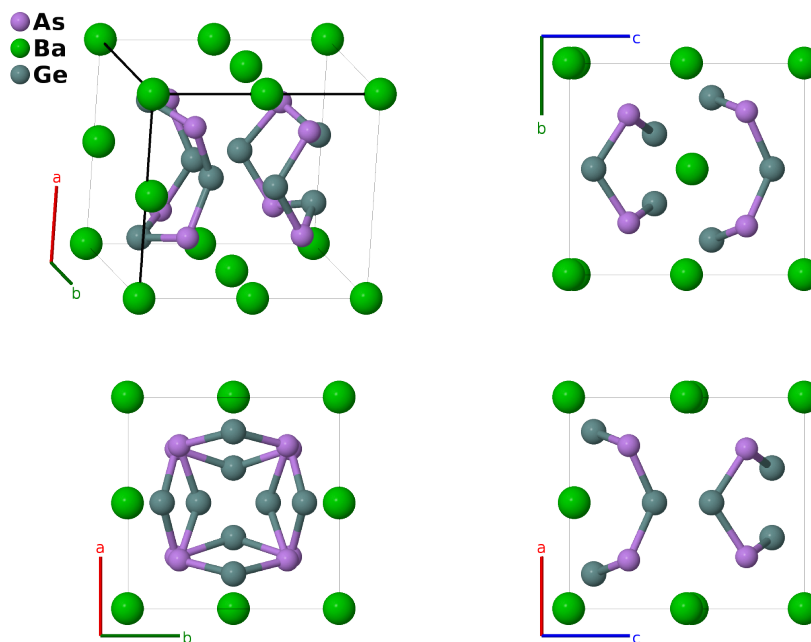
# BaGe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> Structure: A2BC2\_tP20\_105\_f\_bc\_2d-001

This structure originally had the label A2BC2\_tP20\_105\_f\_ac\_2e. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/W96U>

[https://aflow.org/p/A2BC2\\_tP20\\_105\\_f\\_bc\\_2d-001](https://aflow.org/p/A2BC2_tP20_105_f_bc_2d-001)



Prototype	As <sub>2</sub> BaGe <sub>2</sub>
AFLOW prototype label	A2BC2_tP20_105_f_bc_2d-001
ICSD	26417
Pearson symbol	tP20
Space group number	105
Space group symbol	<i>P</i> 4 <sub>2</sub> <i>m</i> c
AFLOW prototype command	<pre>aflow --proto=A2BC2_tP20_105_f_bc_2d-001       --params=a, c/a, z1, z2, x3, z3, x4, z4, x5, y5, z5</pre>

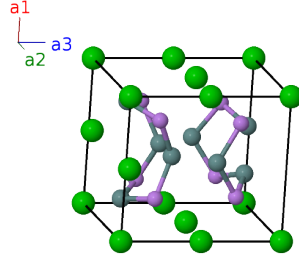
## Other compounds with this structure

BaGe<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub>

- Our previous listing of this structure (Hicks, 2017) misplaced the *z* coordinates of the Ba II and Ge II atoms by *c*/2. We have corrected this here.
- Space group *P*4<sub>2</sub>*m*c #105 allows an arbitrary placement of the origin of the *z*-axis. Here we use this freedom to set *z*<sub>1</sub> = 0 for the Ba-I atoms.

## Simple Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= a \hat{\mathbf{x}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= a \hat{\mathbf{y}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= c \hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



## Basis vectors

	Lattice coordinates		Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
$\mathbf{B}_1$	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_1 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_1 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b)	Ba I
$\mathbf{B}_2$	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_1 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2b)	Ba I
$\mathbf{B}_3$	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + z_2 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_2 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Ba II
$\mathbf{B}_4$	$= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + (z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$\frac{1}{2}a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + c(z_2 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(2c)	Ba II
$\mathbf{B}_5$	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge I
$\mathbf{B}_6$	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge I
$\mathbf{B}_7$	$= x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge I
$\mathbf{B}_8$	$= -x_3 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_3 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_3 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge I
$\mathbf{B}_9$	$= x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge II
$\mathbf{B}_{10}$	$= -x_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge II
$\mathbf{B}_{11}$	$= x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge II
$\mathbf{B}_{12}$	$= -x_4 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_4 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4d)	Ge II
$\mathbf{B}_{13}$	$= x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I
$\mathbf{B}_{14}$	$= -x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I
$\mathbf{B}_{15}$	$= -y_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I
$\mathbf{B}_{16}$	$= y_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I
$\mathbf{B}_{17}$	$= x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I
$\mathbf{B}_{18}$	$= -x_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + y_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I
$\mathbf{B}_{19}$	$= -y_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$-ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} - ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I
$\mathbf{B}_{20}$	$= y_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + x_5 \mathbf{a}_2 + (z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_3$	$=$	$ay_5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} + ax_5 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + c(z_5 + \frac{1}{2}) \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8f)	As I

## References

- [1] B. Eisenmann and H. Schäfer, *Zintlphasen mit binären Anionen: Zur Kenntnis von BaGe<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub> und BaGe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> / Zintl Phases with Binary Anions: BaGe<sub>2</sub>P<sub>2</sub> and BaGe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub>*, Z. Naturforsch. B **36**, 415–419 (1981), doi:10.1515/znb-1981-0403.
- [2] D. Hicks, M. J. Mehl, E. Gossett, C. Toher, O. Levy, R. M. Hanson, G. Hart, and S. Curtarolo, *The AFLOW Library of Crystallographic Prototypes: Part 2*, Comput. Mater. Sci. **161**, S1–S1011 (2019), doi:10.1016/j.commatsci.2018.10.043.

**Found in**

- [1] P. Villars and K. Cenzual, *Pearson's Crystal Data – Crystal Structure Database for Inorganic Compounds* (2013). ASM International.