

Sr₄Ti₃O₁₀ Structure: A10B4C3_tI34_139_c2eg_2e_ae-001

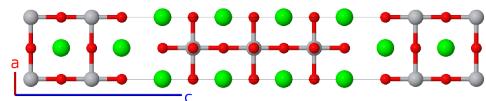
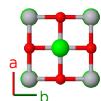
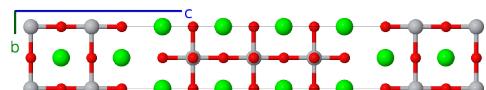
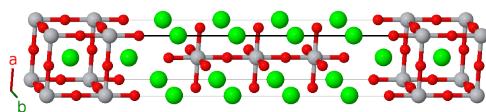
This structure originally had the label `A10B4C3_tI34_139_c2eg_2e_ae`. Calls to that address will be redirected here.

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<https://aflow.org/p/TJ17>

https://aflow.org/p/A10B4C3_tI34.139_c2eg_2e_ae-001

● O
● Sr
● Ti



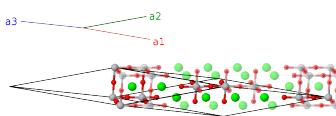
Prototype	O ₁₀ Sr ₄ Ti ₃
AFLOW prototype label	A10B4C3_tI34_139_c2eg_2e_ae-001
ICSD	34630
Pearson symbol	tI34
Space group number	139
Space group symbol	I4/mmm
AFLOW prototype command	aflow --proto=A10B4C3_tI34_139_c2eg_2e_ae-001 --params=a, c/a, z ₃ , z ₄ , z ₅ , z ₆ , z ₇ , z ₈

Other compounds with this structure

La₄Ni₃O₁₀, Sr₄V₃O₁₀, K₂La₂Ti₃O₁₀, Li₂Eu₂Ti₃O₁₀, Na₂Eu₂Ti₃O₁₀, Na₂Sr₂Nb₂MnO₁₀

Body-centered Tetragonal primitive vectors

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{a}_1 &= -\frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_2 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} - \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} + \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}} \\ \mathbf{a}_3 &= \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \frac{1}{2}a\hat{\mathbf{y}} - \frac{1}{2}c\hat{\mathbf{z}}\end{aligned}$$



Basis vectors

Lattice coordinates	Cartesian coordinates	Wyckoff position	Atom type
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\mathbf{B}_1	=	0	=	0	(2a)	Ti I
\mathbf{B}_2	=	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}}$	(4c)	O I
\mathbf{B}_3	=	$\frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}}$	(4c)	O I
\mathbf{B}_4	=	$z_3 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_3 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	O II
\mathbf{B}_5	=	$-z_3 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_3 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-cz_3 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	O II
\mathbf{B}_6	=	$z_4 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_4 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	O III
\mathbf{B}_7	=	$-z_4 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_4 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-cz_4 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	O III
\mathbf{B}_8	=	$z_5 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_5 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Sr I
\mathbf{B}_9	=	$-z_5 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_5 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-cz_5 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Sr I
\mathbf{B}_{10}	=	$z_6 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_6 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Sr II
\mathbf{B}_{11}	=	$-z_6 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_6 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-cz_6 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Sr II
\mathbf{B}_{12}	=	$z_7 \mathbf{a}_1 + z_7 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$cz_7 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Ti II
\mathbf{B}_{13}	=	$-z_7 \mathbf{a}_1 - z_7 \mathbf{a}_2$	=	$-cz_7 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(4e)	Ti II
\mathbf{B}_{14}	=	$(z_8 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 + z_8 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} + cz_8 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8g)	O IV
\mathbf{B}_{15}	=	$z_8 \mathbf{a}_1 + (z_8 + \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} + cz_8 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8g)	O IV
\mathbf{B}_{16}	=	$-(z_8 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_1 - z_8 \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{y}} - cz_8 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8g)	O IV
\mathbf{B}_{17}	=	$-z_8 \mathbf{a}_1 - (z_8 - \frac{1}{2}) \mathbf{a}_2 + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a}_3$	=	$\frac{1}{2} a \hat{\mathbf{x}} - cz_8 \hat{\mathbf{z}}$	(8g)	O IV

References

- [1] S. N. Ruddlesden and P. Popper, *The compound $Sr_3 Ti_2 O_7$ and its structure*, Acta Cryst. **11**, 54–55 (1958), doi:10.1107/S0365110X58000128.

Found in

- [1] Wikipedia, *Ruddlesden-Popper phase*. $A_3 B_2 X_7$ series.